UNIT HISTORY

48TH ASSAULT HLLICOPTER COMPANY (UH-1) (A)

5 July 1965 to 26 September 1966

Prepared By

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48TH AVIATION HISTORY

CHAPTER CHE: THE COMPANY IS FORMED

The 48th aviation Company (Airmobile)(Light), with support detachments, the 590th Transporation Detachment, 279th Signal Detachment, and 286th Medical Detachment. Was activated at Fort Benning, Georgia by General Order 200, Hq, Third US 17my, on 5 July 1965. The only name listed on the 5 July morning report was that of Major Keith L. Groom, 04003648, the first Commanding Officer. The first enlisted entry on the morning report was Specialist Five Joseph B. Pearsey, which appeared on the 21st of July 1965. The following person strengths were authorized the 48th aviation Company and to attached detachment:

UNIT	<u> Strength</u>	TOLE
48th Avn Co (AML)	14 Uff, 41 WO, 115 EM	1-77E w/c 1
390th TC Det (CHM)	1 Uff, 1 WU, 70 EM	55-500R w/c ,
286th hed Det	1 Uff, 8 EA	8-500C w/c 9
279th Sig Det	1 Uff, 9 EM	11-500D w/c 6

all personnel and equipment were to be obtained from locally available resources. The primary source of personnel and equipment was the result of the 11th Air Assault Div (Test) and 2nd Infantry Div being reformed into the First Air Cavalry Division at Fort Benning, Georgia. The cadre officers were assigned from the 10th Avn Group and the EA came from various units isolaring personnel excess as a result of their reorganization. The 48th Avn Co cadre coordinated through the S-4 officer of 10th Avn Group, Fort Benning, and received approximately 75% of their equipment through lateral transfer from the reorganizing units at Fort benning. The remaining equipment and supplies were requisitioned through normal supply channels on a priority basis.

The pilots for the 48th Avn Co signed in at Hq, 10th Avn Group on 1 Sep 65. Hearly all the aviators reporting for duty with the 48th Avn Co were reassigned from European assignments and their tours had been curtailed as a result of the Vietnam build up.

hajor Charles h. hrummond Jr assumed command of the 48th Avn Co on Sep 65. From the personnel data cards completed by each officer inprocessing, hajor Drummond established his chain of command. His key personnel were:

Major Charles H. Drummond Jr	လ
SFC E7 George C. Daws	1/Sgt
rajor kobert D. Steams	XO
Major Thomas L. Williamson	Opns Off
hajor willis E. Shith	1st Airlift Plt Ldr
hajor harry J. Zellmer	2nd Airlift Plt Ldr
hajor Velma F. Parker	3rd Plt Lar(Gun Flt)
Captain Paul H. Lalumiere Jr	Intel Off

Ley personnel for attached detachments were:

hajor Edward R brophy Jr	co,	390th	TO D	et
Captain Orlon B. Donaldson III	CO,	279th	Sig	Det
Saptain Arthur k. Hagen	w,	286th	Ned	Let

Juring the month of Leptember 1965, the company worked a seven day week no directed their efforts toward Pon qualifying all personnel and to making, processing and packing Tome and Ta50 equipment for overseas shipment. Training days were alternated with work days. The training schedule included 10 nours reiresher training per pilot, weapons qualification, survival, escape and evasion, code of conduct, Geneva Convention, first aid, pilot briefings on tactics and techniques and a general Vietnom orientation. The pilots trained in aircraft belonging to the 181st avn Tng Co. Fort benning, Georgia.

On 17 September 1965 Capt New Saindon, 1MT hopert Smith, CwO Thomas Paulson, CwO Kenneth Hill, CwO Gary wilkinson, and wo Glade Taner ferried five 48th Avn Co Un-1 helicopters to Eagle Mountain army perot. The North, Texas where they picked up five additional helicopters and continued to Stackton Army General Depot, California where the aircraft were processed for overseas shipment.

On 30 September the company conducted payday activities and all personnel desiring leave were granted leave until 18 October 1965. Personnel not desirileave remained at Fort Benning and continued packing equipment.

Prior to Lovement overseas the 45th Avn Co and its detachments received inspections from the Inspector General. 3rd U.S. Army.

The 48th Avn Co and detachments were directed overseas by letter, United States Army Infantry Command, dated 8 September 1965, Subject: Fermanent Change of Station of STRAF Forces.

CHAPTER TWO: ADVANCED PARTY DEPART TO ACCOMPANY AIRCRAFT OVERSEAS

om 14 october 1965 Major Edward R. Brophy Jr. Captain Fax Litchell, Captain arthur Moen, Captain arthur Magen, Cwo James V. McCartt, Cwo Wayne F. Geer, and 20 enlisted personnel were called off leave to form the advance party to accompany the aircraft overseas. This advanced party boarded a bus for atlanta, Georgia on 18 october. From atlanta they flew connercial air to San Francisco International Airport. They reported to Alameda Naval air Station, California where they signed for 16 UH-1b and 9 UH-1B helicopters. The melicopters had already been processed for overseas shipment and had their main roter blades, Stabilizer bars, and tail rotor removed. The gun kits were boxed and secured in Side the aircraft. The aircraft were zipped and locked inside large scaborne protective bags and loaded aboard the USWS MUMA GULF, a baby aircraft carrier.

The Edvanced party for aircraft sailed from Alemeda haval Air Station, Cakland, California on 25 october 1965 aboard the USAS AULA GULF. The snip made one stop in the Philippine Islands prior to arriving at Cam Ranh Bay, RVN on 13 Nov 65. Five days out from Vietnam the advanced party started deprocessing and reassembling their helicopters.

hajor Brophy, on the 13th of November flew one of the reassembled indicopters from the kulla Gulf to hong Be. Thin to coordinate with the CU, 10th ava in in order to determine the new assignment and duty station for the 48th. hajor in with advised to proceed to Vung Tau, that the 48th was assigned to the 145th ava in with duty station Ving Tau.

After being tied up in Cam kenh Bay harbor for three days, the Unit Mula GULF again set sail with the 48th Avn Co advanced party and helicopters about, this time with its destination as Vung Tau, KVN. They were net at Vung Tau is 16 Nev 55 by hajor Smith, CO. 611th Transportation Company. Pajor Smith assistan Pajor Brophy and the other pilots the call sugn "BLUE ST.k" to signal the actival to

The ving like tower operator of the 45th Lyn Co aircraft. The aircraft were flown off the John Holl Bold by 48th Lyn vilots and parked in the "John Dila" parking thes. The relaining equipment on poard the carrier was off loaded in seven Ch-57 med nel loads. (The name "Bhos bran" has remained with the 48th Lyn Co since 16 Lov 55, Lowever, the call sign was oninged twice officially, though not in fact, the download party Communder in both cases was able to get the alue star title back. The advanced party commenced de-preservation and salety of flight inspections on the allocalt and assembled and attached the gun systems to the alverage. In the Leantine, Lajor brophy had made contact with the 145th Lyn on and he was advised that the 48th Lyn Co had been transferred to the 10th Lyn on and would relocate the eather.

on 23 hovember 1965 Captain hosengrant of the relavanced party had caught a flight about an army Caribou from the Irang to suigon attempting to link up with the advanced party for sincraft and to coordinate the meeting of the main body at Cam namh pay on the 26th of november. Captain Rosengrant made contact with Captain nitchell at 12th and Group mas, saigon. He later met with Lajor brophy and they arranged to have three aircraft meet the main body at Cam name Bay on the 26th.

The advanced party for circular remained at Yung Tau for approximately two weeks readying the unit aircraft. As sufficient space and security were provided at Fhan hang, the aircraft were shuttled, at the rate of three per day, until all aircraft were relocated to Fhan hang.

CHAPTIK TERBUS PAIN BODY DEPARTS FORT SHANDING

The 46th Avn Co minus the savenced party with the sircraft (see chap 2) and the rear/advanced party (see chap 4) departed fuscogee County Lirport, Columbus, at hourly intervals between 2330 hours 4 hov 65 and 0330 hours 5 hov 65 by commercial Super Constellation aircraft for wakland International Airport. The move was classified to avoid public suspicion. Connergial puses were on hand to meet each aircrait as it landed at Uakland International and carried the 48th Avn Uo personnel with baggage to cakland army ferminal where they promptly coarded the USNS Geiger, a Mayy Troop Carrier. The USNS Geiger Sailed from Fier 7, Cakland army Terminal at 1730 hours, 5 Hov 65 with the 48th Evn Co (Linus) abourd. Throughout the trip, company officers were involved in writing company officers operating procedures to prepare them for operations in Vietnam. The USAS Geiger made one stop-off enroute to RVN at Guar. Island and liberty was afforded all personnel from 0900 hours until 1300 nours on 18 Nov 65. The only facility open at the Navy base was a snack bar until the officers of the 48th avn Co ressec the hat and oriped the Naval Officers club bar tender to open the bar at 1030 hours. The enlisted personnel arranged through the havel retty difficer's club to have been and snacks taken to the beach, and the beach party that ensued few will forget.

The next stop was qui Mnon, MVN where the Wans Geiger tied up for three days, 23-26 Nov, while other units disembarked. All 48th Avn Co personnel remained aboard the wans Geiger in qui Mnon harbor. The company spent their first mational holiday overseas, enjoying a delicious Thanksgiving way dinner aboard the ship. Their menu included turkey, mashed potatoes a gravy, candled years, crancerries, peas a carrots, relishes, minced and pumpkin pie and ice cream served with coffee, wilk or tea.

The bond dealer decerted out linon narror at approximately 1400 hours. 25 how 65 and anchored in the manh bay at approximately 0730 hours. 25 how 65. Saptain Thurmond. old of the hear/movenced party met the company abourd the DSNs Seiger. Captain Thurmond briefed the Commanding Officer. Major Charles H. brummond Jr on the unit assignment with 10th Lyn on and duty station at Phan Hang.

The company, shortly efter arrival at Cam Ranh Hoy, disembarked into LCU's (manding traft Utility), which transported them to the beach. Ill personnel were issued their basic load of ammunition in the rain. Fifteen of the officers boarded three company helicopters which hajor brooky had brought from Yung Tau (see chapter 2) and flew directly to Phan Rang. In remainder of the company boarded 25 ton trucks from the 10th Transportation of him, Cam Ranh. The trucks were ferried across Cam Ranh Bay and formed convoy for the trip over hational highway #1 to Phan Rang. In O1-4 Bird Dog flew convoy escort and two Uh-18 gunships were on standby at Cam Ranh Bay for purposes of security. The company closed station at Phan Rang at 1900 hours, 26 hovember 1965.

Chapter four: The Rear Party Clused out fort begind and becale the company advanced party

The rear party, composed of Captain James F. Thurmond (CIC), Captain Larue M. Rosengrant, 1.T william T. Regen, 55G Gilbert EcCollough, 55G Delbert E. mall. 5P5 Jimmie H. Ray, and PFC Donald D. wallace remained at Fort Benning to close out property accounts and to turn over their building to another unit. The rear party were the last 48th avn Co personnel to depart COMUS, the only members to fly directly to RVN, and the first to arrive in Vietnam. The rear party departed fort Benning by bus and boarded a Commercial mirlines at Muscogee County mirport, Columbus, Georgia, at 0800 hours on 10 Nov 65. They flew by Commercial air to San Francisco International Mirport. A bus net them at the airport and took them directly to Travis AFB, California, where they were booked on a Pan american Jet for Saigon, RVN, with stops at anchorage, Alaska, Tokyo, Japan, and Clark AFB, Philippine Islands. They arrived at Tan Son what Airport, Saigon, RVN at 1300 hours, 13 how 65 and were now acting as the advanced party for the main body of the 48th avn Co.

Shortly after arrival, Captain Thurmond contacted Colonel Jones, Cu, 12th avn up in Saigon to report their arrival. 12th avn Group had no knowledge as to when the 48th avn Co was scheduled in-country, who they would be assigned to or where their auty station would be. The advenced party Loved into Camp alpha, 90th Repl Bn, Tan Son Whut AFB, Saigon, and awaited notification of their assignment. On 16 Nov 65, the party received word that the 48th Avn Co would be assigned to the 10th avn bn at long of Thin and they hopped a ride aboard an air Force C-130 to Cem Renh mir Force base. Their personal and company equipment, to include classified documents, were off lossed on the runway and the C-130 departed. Captain Thurwond contacted 10th won bn who dispetched a helicopter to Can Ranh. Captain Thurwond end it hegen flew to Dong Ba Thin to coordinate with the CO, 10th avn bn. Captain hosengrant and the advanced party (Limis) remained overnight at Can Ranh and joined the others on 18 Nov in Dong Ba Thin. Coordination was completed with Lt Col Olney, who informed then that the 48th avn Co advance party with the aircraft had been in Can kann but had departed for Vung Tau (see oken 2). Lt Col Olney, Captain Thurmond and Lt kagen, on 17 how 65, flew a helicopter to Phan Hang to reconnoiter a location for the 48th avn Co. Coordination was nathe with Colonel B is Mattlick, the air Force Consunder, and Colonel Timothy, Co. 1st sae, 101st abn biv, and the area they agreed upon was an area approximately five acres in size and located hast of the bun Son airstrip. On the 20th the advanced

party convoyed from Long of Thin to Fhin Hang in a 23 ton and 3/4 ton truck they converged from the 10th Lyn on. Passing through the village of Phan Hang they continued straight at Thep Cham where they should have turned right. After realizing their mistake and in the process of turning around, the 23 ton truck received fire from a sniper. This was the first incident where the 48th Lyistion Company received nostile fire. No injuries were sustained and the group continued to the military commond at Phan Hang.

The sevenced party encamped with the sir force, who at that time shounted to an sevenced party in Fash rang with only a few tents erected. The sevenced party measured off and staked out the company area. May arranged from the sir force to have cots, tents and water for the company and their arrival. They coordinated with the 101st abn miv (also new in the same) and a field kitchen, complete with rire unit, pots, and pans, was obtained. Rations were also drawn from the 101st. On 23 Nov 65 Captain Resengrant arranged a flight from the Trang to Saigon to link up with hajor brophy and the advanced party accompanying the aircraft, and to arrange for three company aircraft to meet the main body in the Ranh on the 26th. Captain Thurmond met the company abourd the USNS Geiger in Cambanh bay and briefed the company commander on the new location. Company officers were making bets on whether or not Captain Thurmond would make it up the side of the ship via its rope leader. It was a struggle but Captain Thurmond made it.

Chapter five: 48th avn co (AML) Annives at Phan hand

The 48th avn Co, upon arrival at Phan Hang on 26 Nov 65, Loved into air Force tents arranged for them by the advanced party. The first three days in Phan Hang, the officers, acu's, and Ha all were issued axes, machettes, and other tools and everyone pitched in to attempt to clear the trees and underbrush from the area which was to be their new none. On 30 Nov 65 the 48th avn Co Loved out of the air Force tents and into their partially cleared area. Company personnel continued to clear the company area and as sufficient space was cleared, sircraft were ferried from Vung Tau at the rate of three per day until all aircraft were relocated to Then heng. The first casualty for the 48th in Vietner was Captain Paul R. Lalumiere Jr when he received a light injury from a machette during the clearing operations. It Jack Horne, while working at clearing operations, encountered one of the Lany poisonous snakes in the area. The company soon employed approximately 200 coolies to get the clearing operation under way. Throughout the first few weeks while the 48th was clearing the land and building their camp the Lonsoon rains were in full force and they worked, ate, and slept in and up to their knees. Before getting settled at their new home, the Phan Rang MaCV Sector Advisor warned ther that a Viet Cong attack was incinent. On 2 Dec 65 the pilots evacuated the sircreft to Dong Be Thin where they stayed with the 117th and 129th AirLobile companies for two nights. Throughout the remainder of December it because a nightly procedure to evacuate the aircraft to the 101st airborne Division contonement area and the crews billeted with units of the 101st. The early part of December was spent clearing the company area, digging formoles, erecting tents and some limited flying missions.

On 21 Dec 65 the 48th conducted its first company sized airmobile operation when it administratively lifted A/2/502nd Abn Inf from Phan Rung to the shore of the South China Sea some 15 miles lest, and returned to Phan Rung with C/2/502nd Abn Inf. Ten UH-10's and four UH-18's (gunships) took part in the exercise.

- in 22 December. Lajor Malph W. Droman became Operations Officer.
- on 23 December, hajor Broman and CWO Geer experienced the first engine failure in Vietnam. They put the ship down in a rice paddy without a statch and were suickly rescued.
- On 27 Dec 65, twenty-three door gunners were assigned to the 48th Avn Co by the 10th Avn Bn. CWO Temple and WO Fisher departed for Tuy moa with a C&C ship to support the 117th Airmobile Company.

On 29 December, the 48th Avn Co completed its first operational combat mission, with the extraction of bodies from a crashed 7 aircraft. The aircraft had been lost in the mountains approximately 16 miles bouth of Phan Rang. Harlier attempts by another Airmobile Company to rescue the bodies had been driven off by enemy fire. The 2/327th Abn Inf Bn conducted a combat assault in the vicinity of the crash site to secure the area, however, numerous enemy remained. Captain arthur idean and 1LT Robert E. Smith had been flying C&C for the 2/327th and volteered to attempt the extraction. They successfully accomplished this difficult mission under extremely hazardous conditions. Both 48th Avn Co pilots received the air medal with "V" device and were the first members of the 48th Avn Co to be decorated for heroism.

also on 29 Dec, Captain Carl R. Jones, Captain horris R. Steenson, Captain Donald R. Lelsey, and CWO Dominik L. Guccione departed for Tuy Hoa with two gunships to augment and train with the 117th avn Co through 6 Jan 66. The first time 48th aircraft received enemy fire was when these crews and 117th pilots were conducting a live fire exercise in a designated free fire area west of Tuy Hoa and while undergoing target practice an enemy sniper within close vicinity of the target fired back at them. There was no damage to either aircraft or crews.

CHAPTER SIX: COMPANY IS DECLARED OPERATIONAL - 1 JAN 66

On 1 Jan 66 the 48th Aviation Company (AML) was declared combat operational by the CO, Major Charles H. Drummond Jr. The company was in-country a total of only 36 days before it was declared combat operational.

at 0045 hours, 1 Jan 66, the 48th Avn Co crews at Tuy Hoa underwent a mortar attack. The Viet Cong landed 21 mortar rounds within the camp. Fortunately no personnel were injured.

The 48th Avn Co received its first aircraft hit from hostile fire on 2 Jan 66. aircraft #084, flown by Captain Carl Jones received a hit from small arms fire just below the horizontal stabilizer while escorting a medevac helicopter. This occasion, incidently, happened on Captain Jones' birthday.

After rehearsing for three days, the 48th Avn Co pilots put cut the 101st Abn Div LERP (Longe Range Reconnaissance Patrol) in an area 10 miles SE of Phan Rang. The insertion was timed for approximately 15 minutes remaining light. The helicopters orbited 15 minutes after insertion and started back toward home base when the LERP made an emergency call to the 48th pilots requesting extraction as they were heavily engaged in a fire fight. The 48th Avn Co gunships, led by Major LaVere M. Bindrup, suppressed the enemy fire and the slicks (UH-1D's) extracted the team. This was the first time 48th Avn Co personnel actively engaged the enemy.

4 Jan 66: (Phan Rang) gunships attacked a Viet Cong platoon sighted in the open by the 101st LRRP. After the gunship attack, 48th Avn Co aircraft lifted a

platoon of 101st abn Inf troops to the battle site. The LEMP reported having abserved two ox cert loads of bodies being removed after the gunship attack. The official estimate was 12 VC kb. (Killed by Aircraft).

4-7 Jan 66: (Phan Rang) The company received its Tu&E equipment. Repair parts had been in-country but had not been delivered to then hang prior to this date.

8 Jan 66: Captains kelsey and Steenson (097), Captain Clehens and CwO harkle (085), 1LT Green and CWO Morris (093) were called to baigon to reinforce the 155th ...vn Co with gunships on Operation Crimp. The open tion required 10 mirrobile companies with over 300 aircraft and two complete afentry Brigades (1st Div and 25th liv) were heli-lifted. Llarge battle took alloc on 9 Jen 66. The first LZ in which the 48th avn Co gun pilots provided pre-strike fires and armed escort had 4 of 7 gunsnips severely damaged by nostile fire. The three 48th aircraft were the three not receiving hits. Twelve .50 cal rachine gums were captured by t ground troops in this LZ. The 48th gunships escorted troop carrying UH-1D's a total of three additional Late and aircraft were severely damaged from nost fire in each, but Liraculously the 48th again sustained no hits. The crews returned to Phan mang on the 10th with their first real test of combat flying. same crews departed the following day again for Tuy nos and again to support the 117th Avn Co during Operation Jefferson in conjunction with the ROK (Republic of Korea) Brigade.

9 Jan 66: SO 5, para 19, hq, 10th avn bn, nineteen security personnel were assigned to the 48th avn Co. Within a week the security personnel totalled 31 and were formed into a security platoon. Their mission was to provide physical security for the 48th avn Co.

12 Jan 66: At 1300 hours the 48th avn Co departed Phan Rang for Tuy nos with 6 UH-1D's and 3 UH-1B's to reinforce the 129th avn Co on Operation Jefferson. This became the first sustained support of a combat operation by the 48th avn Co and this date set off a long and still continuing chain of combat support operations. On 12 Jan the 1st mirlift Platoon departed Phan Rang for bong law to support the 2/327th abn Inf Bn on a combat operation. The first platoon rejoined the company at Tuy Hoa South mirfield. The pervice Platoon was split between Tuy Hoa and Phan Rang and the 390th Let (-) remained at Phan hang as did the administrative sections of the company. During this operation aircraft were returned to Phan hang for PE's and major maintenance. The crews accompanied their aircraft to Phan hang for PE and were allowed to rest during the time the aircraft underwent maintenance.

CHAPTER SLVEN: OF MANTION VAN BURAN/HARRISON: TUY HOA

The 48th avn Co was in general support of both Operation Van Buren (18 Jan-20 Feb 66) and Operation harrison (21 Feb - 15 har 66) with priority of missions going to the 1st Brigade of the 101st Airborne Division. Missions were received by the 10th avn Bn at the CSCC (Corbat Support Coordination Center) and relayed to the companies. The company was briefed that elements of the 95th PAVN (Peoples army of Vietnam) Regiment, the 3rd Viet Cong Regiment and local Viet Cong companies were known to be operating north and west of Tuy Hos. The major friendly units in the area were the 1st Brigade of the 101st Airborne Division, a Republic of horea brigade, and the 47th ARVN (Army of the Republic of Vietnam) Regiment. The 48th avn Co supported all three friendly elements from 18 Jan - 15 Ner 66.

The 48th Lyn Co jellou as a fighting team at Tuy Mos. They fast earned the reputation for rencering the ely and professional aviation support to ground troops ranging from simple one saip supply missions to leading multi-company night combat assembles into insecure landing zones.

The 48th Lyn Co, relaining in the field on direct combat support operations from 10 Jan - 15 har 66, established a new record for the number of days of sustained combat support from a field location by an airmobile company. Statistically the 48th, on their first combat support operations, achieved an impressive record. During this period, the 48th Lyn Co led the largest right helicopter assault on record. Thirty six (36) UH-1D's from three companies escented by twelve (12) gunships. The mission was to lift two battaliam in a 1st Bde, 101st Abn Liv commencing at 0100 hours to exploit the effects of 1-52 bombing raid. This assault was accomplished by infiltrating a pathfinder took which lighted the landing zone.

on 2 rebrary the 48th Lyn Co set another record by lifting the largest at ber of troops (2400) and cargo (100 tens) into the largest assortment of landzones (15) in the history of the Vietnam war. This was accomplished with eighteen (18) Un-1D's (six from the 117th Lyn Co). The average pilot on that day flew over nine hours.

(10 Jan -	15 har 66)	
Total hours flown Total Sorties flown Total cargo lifted	,	1,879:30 19,524 857 tons
Total passengers carried Number of aircraft hit by energy fire Number of aircraft shot down by energy		15,524 11 2
Number of aircraft destroyed by energy Number of Viet Cong kBa	lire	29 confirmed 8 estimated
quentity of suco expended		
7.62m. 40m. 2.75 inch rockets JP-4 fuel consumed Number of crew members wounded		340,300 rounds 1,068 rounds 4,977 rockets 250,619 gallons 8

The 48th avn Co returned to Phan Rang from Tuy Hon and remained at home station from 15 har - 11 apr 66. During this period the company maintained five aircraft with crews in Nha Trang in support of Ha, Field Forces L. at home station emphasis was placed on performing maintenance of aircraft vehicles and in improving the living conditions at Phan Rang. During this period the officers constructed an officers club. The club is of frame structure with a concrete floor and corregated steel roofing. Employees of REK Construction company rendered invaluable services and material in building the club. Captain John Jenks was the first appointed club officer and he supervised the construction effort and conducted the necessary correspondence to establish a legal officers open mess.

The colliend of the 48th avn Co was temperarily assuled by Major Willis E. Swith from 17-31 herch 1966. Najor Charles h. Drummond Jr re-assuled colliend of the 48th avn Co on 31 herch 1966. Najor herry lick Roper Jr assuled colliend of the company from hajor brundlend on 4 april 1966.

On the 2nd and 3rd of april 1966 the 48th avn Co provided seven UH-1D 11.

Mo were supporting the let day negt (Rok) in operations against two known viet bong pattalions operating within a twenty militater square northwest of an inhon. Myw. This short operation proved to be one of the nottest engagements the 48th and to had participated in up to that time. Four UH-1D and one UH-1B helicopters received direct hits. One aircraft returned with over forty entry noles in the siringle caused from a mortar round explacing close to the aircraft. Statistically these nine aircraft completed a big job for a two day period.

Total scrties flown 206 Total troops carried 51.9 tons Total cargo lifted Total troops negically evacuated 9 U.S. Total energy KBA Total hours flight time 34:00 Total and expended 7.62 3200 rounds 300 rounus سنستان 2.75 inch ruckets 8 rockets

Charter eight: The UNIT CREST LLD NOTTO

Shortly after assuring contains, hajor hoper assigned a colappy crest. The background for the crest is a "blue star" bordered in gold, derived from the criginal and still-in-effect unit call sign, centered inside the blue Star are the numerals "48" in white letters with black trim. Lettered in red on a white scroll below the Blue Star is the unit motto "SkILL NOT LUCK" also contrived by imjor Roper. Upon errival in country and prior to assuring contand of the 48th, Major Roper was repeatedly told of the Lany successful operations by the newly formed 48th and Co, of which most sources contributed their success to pure luck. after but & brief period with the company, lajor Roper realized that it was skill, not luck, which accounted for the 48th Avn Co's success and hence the company notto originated. The Blue Star has become a symbol of strong pride among the members of the 48th Lyn Co. Each circraft acorns a blue Star tricked in gold on its tail section, and the Len in the coupeny prouchy wear the Blue Star patch on their right breast packet. The gun plateon, known by their call sign as the "Jokers" have altered the basic 48th avn Co crest by placing in green letters the word "Joker" on the white background above the scroll. The Leabers of the 286th hedical betachment have altered their crest slightly by having emproidered on the white background a red cross with the numerals 286 in black just above the red cruss.

CHAPTER NINE: OPERATION AUSTIN II

After the short breather in Phen Rang the 48th LVN Co again took to the field, this time they haved South to Phen Thiet, RVN, and again were in general support of the 1st Bue, 101st Abn Div, and in effect support of the 1st Bu, 327th Abn Inf, 1st Bue, 101st Abn Div. There were reported widespread Viet Cong terrorist activities west and north of Phan Thiet. Operation Austin II was conducted in two phases. Phase I (11-19 Apr 66) was conducted to the west of Phan Thiet. The activity of Phase I, with the exception of two large combat assaults, was presently but support of shall units conducting search and destroy missions. Assaults with from two to five aircraft were made into dispersed confined landing zones. Phase II (20-25 Apr 66) kicked off with the 48th LVN Co making a night combat assault carrying 425 troops of the 1/327th Abn Inf Bn into three LZ's approximately 40

Tales north of Phan Thist. This oberation went on record as the largest night soublit assault conducted by an airmobile company in the history of the Vietnam Var.

For the remainder of Phase II of Lustin II the 48th Lvn Co staged its aireraft from a forward base of operations. (SF Camp Luong Son) and during daylight hours remained on immediate standay. Is the Infantry troops developed the enemy situation the 48th provided troop lift, re-supply, and armed helicopter support. Statistical results of the 48th Lvn Co support of Lustin II are as follows:

Total hours flown	76 7
Total sorties flown	27 94
Total cargo lifted	78 tens
Total passengers carried	39 46
Total circuit hit by enemy fire	4
Structures dereged	47
Structures destroyed	6 6
Total VC kB (confirmed)	13
Crew Lebbers wounded	1
Emergency medical evac	6
Total arms expended	
7.62 <u>m</u>	183,000 rounds
40111	3,300 rouncs
2.75 inch rockets	487 rockets
JP-4 fuel consumed	57,790 gallons

On 24 April 1966, while in general support of Operation Austin II, the 48th Avn Co received a mission of direct support to the 2nd bn, 44th Inf Regt (ARVN) for a combat assault into an LZ approximately 20 miles south of Phan Thiet. The gunships made a pre-strike of the LZ but drew no fire. Inbound to the LZ aircraft 776, piloted by CWO's William Moore and Ton Paulson, experienced an engine failure. The two pilots expertly autorotated their aircraft without damage to the aircraft or injury to the Vietnamese troops abound. Following the troop lift a gunship escorting a UH-1D on a resupply mission received four mits. No injuries were sustained by crew members.

Total sorties flown	114
Total troops carried	122
Total cargo lifted	1 ten
Total hours flown	44:30
Total armo expended	
7.62ri.	12,260 rounds
401 d.	250 rounds
2.75 inch rockets	56 rockets

CHAPTER TEN: OPERATION AUSTIN VI (29 Apr - 18 May 66)

The company, completing Operation Austin II, broke camp and leaded their equipment aboard US air Force C-130 transports at the Phan Thiet airfield and were flown to an airstrip at Nhon Co near the Cambodian border. The air crews loaded their aircraft with personal equipment and were able to RON at Phan hang enroute to Nhon Co.

The 1. the eventual Collection was placed in direct support of the 1/327th bin Inf im, 1st Bue, 101st about the 45th Inf hegt (18VN). In energy force of the 1st Bue, 101st about the 45th Inf hegt (18VN). In energy force of the 1st Bue, 101st about the 45th Inf hegt (18VN). In energy force of the 1st personnel and equipment from North Vietnam into South Vietnam. The weather until 1000 hours was generally overcast with ceilings from 100 to 200 feet and 1 wile visibility, lifting to from 500 to 1000 feet until 1500 hours and 1800 hours daily. The terrain over which the company operated varied from 1300 his to 2300 his. The preparence of the area was covered by neavy jungle vegetation varying in height from 100 to 150 feet. The company established its camp within the perimeter of a newly formed Special Forces Orap. In any conditions were severely crowded due to the lack of space. Newly recruit the temperate CIIG (Civilian Irregular Defense Group) companies with their formers the perimeter surrounding the 48th and Go.

The 48th aviation pilots experienced increased difficulty in low level refraction over the tense jungle. It was also discovered that the dense jungle canopies reduced the effectiveness of energy fire. In bad weather and at might flares proved especially valuable in helping the pilots find Nhon Co airfield.

The first troop lift for the 1/327th Infantry mattalion occurred on 1 May 66. The Bn was lifted into Lz Savannah (YU628465) and the 48th avn Co provided actumition, re-supply and troop lift capability from the Nhon Co airfield through 9 May 66. During the period 9-16 May 66, the 1/327th abn Inf Bn operated their base of operations from Bu Gia hap airfield which is WSW of Nhon Co approximately 20 miles. Five UH-1D's and 2 UH-1B's were maintained on strip alert during the day at Bu Gia hap airfield for resupply and minor troop haves.

Statistical Data

CHAPTER ELEVEN: STUP OFF AT CHEO REO

again the 48th Lvn Co (ALL) packed their gear, struck their tents and leaded their equipment on USLF C-130 pallets for air transport. On 29 key 66 the air crews with their Hueys packed down with personal equipment and tents departed Mhon for Phan Rang. The crews were afforded the opportunity of staying 4 days and 3 nights at "home". The remainder of the company stayed at Nhon Co until all unit equipment was loaded aboard C-130 aircraft and they then proceeded directly to Cheo Reo, the next base of operations.

The air crews took full advantage of being back in Phan Rang, which by this time was becoming more of a fable than a reality to nost blue Stars. The new officers club, which you recall was constructed by unit personnel as were all officer structures claimed by the 48th, was the sight of two rather gay parties. It was the first opportunity for the officers to relax and enjoy their own slub.

The company crosed theo med on 24 hay and started again the new routize procedure of ercoting tents, send bagging their tents, digging fexholes, setting a latrines and a shower point, erecting ness tents and a sitchen and establishing operations.

The 48th LVN Co was again in support of the 1st Bde, 101st Abn Liv. Both units were at Cheo Reo to participate in Operation Trooper which never took place. The 48th's tenure at Cheo Reo was abruptly curtailed by orders to again break camp and neve. The to tactical considerations by higher headquarters the 101st and 10th LVN Bn, parent unit of the 48th LVN Co, were to proceed without celay to Dak To. The 48th was encamped at Cheo Reo only single (24 - 30 lay) and no manificant operations were conducted.

CHAPTER TWELVE: DAK TO; REINFORCEMENT OF TOURGRONG; OPERATION HAWTHORNE (1-20 Jun 66); OPERATION BEAURAGARD (24 Jun - 14 Jul 66)

The 48th assault Helicopter Company (UH-1)(A) (the new designation for f irmubile companies proposed by Brigadier General Seneif, Commanding General, wintion Brigade and hence officially adopted) closed at Dak To on 30 May 1966. Dak To located approximately 50 miles north of kontum City in the Vietnamese Central highlands. The 48th established their camp at lak To #1 wirstrip which is an abanconed cirstrip approximately 5 km East of the active Dak To cirfield, also the sight of an merican special Forces Carp. Dak To #1 was reverently referred to as "Old Dak To". Old Dak To had a field elevation of approximately 2100 feet ASL and was situated in the spansive Dak To Valley. The surrounding countryside was Lountainous with peaks varying from 3000 to 6000 feet MSL. Numerous/streams flowed in the valleys providing many areas suitable for landing sights. The Lountainous terrain was covered with heavy forest and dense jungle and offered very few landing zones. The weather was generally will with the evenings quite eccl. Early normings it was common to be weathered in due to fog which generally rose to a ceiling of 1000 feet by 0900 hours. During midday there normally existed a scattered cloud layer from 4000 to 6000 feet hSL. There were occasional thunder showers in mid-afternoon, but the soil had good drainage and there was no real problem with mud.

The company was forewarned that they could expect to remain from five to six months at Dak To. This was all it required for the company to pull together and create a very livable camp. Throughout the area their existed numerous hontagnard tribes and several of these indigenous personnel were employed as KP's and workers. Several impressive hootches were constructed. One constructed by Captain Vincent Ripoll and First Lieutemant magan resembled more a Swiss Chalet than an army hex tent. The majors, with two tents joined, had a poron with everyned canopy (parachute) and several large banana trees adorning their front yard. The supporting artillery units found the 48th Blue Stars a continuous pest as they begged, berrowed and stole 105mm and boxes. With the boxes they built wood floors for the mess tents and operations tent and within two weeks nearly all individual tents included mooden floors.

Since Tak To was nearly a three hour flight back to Phan Rang it was no longer practical to perform FE's and major maintenance from home base. For this reason the 390th Trans Det and the rear echelon of the company maintenance section parked up and joined the ubiquitous Blue Stars. The 390th set up operations at months, just North of the local MaCV compound. ...irorait were either evacuated or alota to Kontum when major maintenance was required.

Operationally the company was tasked with missions inmediately. The company which had now been together for nine months and had matured as a fighting unit was called on to perform perhaps their most demanding tasks.

The 24th North Vietnemese regiment had been identified and was operating in the area just north of lak To. The 104th Vietnamese regional Force Company, manning an isolated outpust at Tournong (coord 25 138360) had been marassed by energive since the end of April, and for the past six days had been under siege. The immediate energy force estimated as two reinforced north Vietnamese companies were subjecting the Tournorm outpost to mortar bombarament and had the makin's pinned hown by heavy (12.7mm) machine gun fire from five. If computinged and fortified positions. The Vietnamese outpost was near companies of supplies and the danger of being overrun was immenent.

on 1 Jun 66 the 48th Assault Helicopter Company received from the 10th Combat aviation battalian the Mission of reinforcing the Toursong autpost with 64 Vietanamese Mangers staking at kontum.

Execonneissance flight of two arted UH-1B's and the CaC (Command & Control) circraft were dispatched to Tourierng to ascertain the energy's proximity, possible landing zones, flight routes and to craw energy fire to confirm intelligence reports. By high recon it was determined that the best flight route would be along the river located in a valley NE of the finger of the riage line where the beleaguered Vietnamese outpost was located. During low reconnaissance the two armed snips drew intense machine gun fire from two locations on a hill to the morth averlooking the camp. The armed aircraft conducted room by fire for approximately five minutes. They ascertained that the energy was well dug in, with continuous observation and fields of fire of the only available LZ which was within the confines of the outpost proper.

Might UH-1D's, five UH-1B'gunships and 1 CaC ship took part in lifting the 64 Vietnamese Rangers and 2000 pounds of supplies into Toumorong autpost. The troops were picked up at kontum and ferried harth in staggered trail, flights of two with a 15 second interval between flights. Four sorties of A1-E fighter aircraft failed to silence the enemy's machine guns. The five UH-1B's preceded the flight by five minutes and conducted an intense pre-strike and then formed on the inbound UH-1D's and escarted them into the 4500 foot pinnable landing zone, attempting to divert the enemy fire from the troop lader ships and to provide suppressive fire. Luring the approach into the landing zone and in the L2 the helicopters were under heavy fire. The combat assumbt was successfully completed, but one UH-1D and one UH-1B had sustained damage from hostile fire.

The following morning on 2 Jun 66, the 48th AHC received the mission of delivering 1200 pounds of cargo and a signal relay team of 13 men from the 101st airborne Mission who were to become an important communications link for Operation Maythorne which was just kicking off. Again throughout the night the Toumbrong outpost had been under neavy attack. Three Un-1B's and five Un-1D's accomplished the mission. As the armed helicopters began striking the energy positions the first flight started their approach under intense hostile fire. The pilot of the lead miroratt, WO Jimie hunn, was hit by energy fire seconds after landing in the landing zone. The other miroraft continued to land in spite of heavy energy fire. When the two aircraft loaded with cargo landed the ground troops recently londed were pinned down. The 48th AHC crew chiefs and gunners displayed exceptional bravery when they left their machine gun stations and unloaded the 1200 pounds of critically needed cargo. The mission was successfully accomplished but five of the aircraft

participating in the lift received damage by mostile fire. One Uh-1B received bajor camage and the bu-1D's received numerous mits throughout the cabin sections and tail books. The pilot, 50 hunn, was wounded in the right forests, and evacuated to the field maspital at Pleiku. To hunn was also hit in his chest protector, union saved his life. Onew chief, SP5 marlan H. Achnert was wounded by schrapped on the back of both hands. He was tracted at the 48th AhC dispensary and returned to duty.

These heroic actions by the crews of the 48th AhC, who displayed exceptional asymptotic to duty and professional skill, were resunsible for the successful reinforcement of the besieged Toundrong outpest on 1 and 66 and for emplacing an important signal relay team the following day.

Throughout Operation Hawtherne, which contends on 1 Jun 66, the 48th aHC was in general support of the 1st bae, 101st Abn Div with priority of mission support to the 1/327th and Inf Bn. Operation mawtherne was a nightly successful operation in which the 101st hirborne, later reinforced by elements of the 1st hir Cav 12 sion, encircled an estimated 1200 North Vietnamese Regular troops. American ... long range bolbers unloaded 432 tons of 500 and 1000 pound bolbs in what military spokesien called "one of the largest" bombings of the war. The bomb raid was on terget and enemy casualties mounted into the hundreds. The 48th AHC, as the statistical analysis points out (below), played a large part in the successful exploitation of the boulding. Individual acts of heroism were numerous and too large a number for these pages. Several night missions were conducted and most of these of an elergency nature such as ledical evacuations and resupply of food, water, and eliminition. On one occasion on 7 Jun. three Joker gircraft (bh-1B) returning from an escort mission intercepted an urgent radio call from "b" Battery, 1/320th artillery. They were being overrun, in fact the energy had already taken one gun position. The Jokers Lace six gun runs each with 2.75 inch rockets, 40LL grenades, and 7.62LL Lecnine guns and through exceptionally close air-to-ground support stylied the enemy attack long enough to allow the artillerymen to regroup and successfully counter attack. On 10 Jun 66 a Marine helicopter crashed into the mountain North of the 48th AHC camp. Captain Milton J. Samos Jr., Flight Surgeon, 48th AHC, hearing that one of the pilots had a possible broken back volunteered to go to the sight where he climbed down a rope from a hovering helicopter to the injured evictor. Doc bancs, in an autstancing display of courage and professional ability was credited with saving the lives of four seriously injured Len.

Statistical Data: Operation Hawthorne

Total hours flown		787.1
Total sorties		3247
wurder combat asseult sorties		1183
Total cargo hauled (Tons)		73.1
Total passengers carried		4322
mircraft mit by enemy fire		10
mircraft shot down		0
Average aircraft availability		86.5%
UH-1B		87.0%
ùH-1D		86.0%
Structures demograd		16
Structures destroyed		7
TC KBA		36 (body count)
		5 (est)
Crew Lembers wounded		- , ,
pilots		1
crew chiefs		2
gunners	14	Ø

Buergency Lecical evacuation	62
Haunition expended 7.62:1.	191,640 rounds
40 <u>r.i.</u> .	3,155 rounds
2.75 inch rockets	471
JP-4 fuel consumed	61,400 gallons
wircraft accionets or incidents	0

on 14 Jun 66 the first edition of the 48th and Blue Star was printed. Realizing the value of having a unit newspaper both for members of the company and as a means of keeping the folks back home advised of our where mouts and accomplishments, hajor hoper, with the support of the other field is less came up with their ideas for a unit paper. Captain James I. holowell was a said now with the mission of seeing it through. The paper was greeted with overwhelming success and many a budding writer was discovered among company personnel.

Operation becuragard (24 Jun to 14 Jul 66) found the 48th AHC again in grant support of the 1st Bue, 101st Abn Div, and in direct support of the 1/327th ALL for Bn. The purpose of the operation was to exploit the success of Operation Hawthorne. It was suspected that the remarks of the battered 24th North Vietnamese Regiment would attempt to escape to the west into Cambodia and Laos. The size of the re-1 maining enemy force was unknown. Operation because are took place in the valley Northwest of Dak To. Sporatic contact was made throughout the operation but signaficant contact with a large enemy force was never accomplished. The 48th AHC continued their normal support of C&C aircraft, resupply missions, medical evacuations and combat assembles, carrying troops to and from the battle field in support of the 101st Airborne Division. In addition they accomplished numerous missions in support of AkVN forces and American Special Forces throughout the tactical zone.

Statistical Data: Operation beautegard

Total hours flown	948•7
Total scrties flown	3770
Total combat assault sorties	1264
Total cargo hauled (tons)	74.3
Total passengers carried	4602
aircraft hit by enemy fire	0
Aircraft shot down by enemy fire	0
Average aircraft availability	91%
UH-1B	8 8 %
Ū H-1 ົມ	94%
Structures damaged	37
Structures cestroyed	7
VC KBA	1
Crew Lembers wounded	
pilots	1
crew chiefs	1
Emergency Ledical evacuations	21
minimition expended	
7.62 <u>m</u>	157,880 rounds
40ستـ	2,091 rounds
2.75 inch rockets	345
Aircraft accidents and incidents	
UH-1D (accident)	1
UH-1B (incident)	1

Fir short of the 5 to 6 months reported for the 48th AHC's duration at Lek To, it received its travel orders and it was on the move again. The aircrews departed Lak To on 15 July 1966 and again had a couple of days at Phen Rang. The rear party of 1 Ud-1D and 2 Ud-1B's remained at Lak To with the rear schelon of the 1st brigade, 101st airborne Division, and then rejoined the company at Tuy Hoa. The remainder of the company leaved vehicles and equipment aboard USAF C-130 aircraft on 17 July and departed for Tuy Hoa.

Due to security considerations this unit history will be concluded at this point. The 48th AMC at Tuy Hoa participated in Operation John Paul Jones (20 Jul 66 to 4 Sep 66) and is now participating in Operation ward again in general support of the 1st Boe, 101st Abn Div.

at this writing the 48th AHC has 18 aviators of the original 55 aviators that accompanied the unit to Vietnam. All of these personnel will be rotating by 4 how 66. The company is presently undergoing reorganization with the remaining per. Enel and new personnel are arriving uaily.

Contains of the 48th Assault Helicopter Company (UH-1)(A) changed from Major Harry lock Roper Jr. to Major Joel J. Williams on 26 September 1966.

CHAPTER THINTLEN: SONGS AND FORES WHITTEN AND SANG BY BLUE STARS

- 1. A Chopper Pilot's Day
- 2. A hossage From My Heart
- 3. American Fighting Nan
- 4. Army Aviation
- 5. Ballad of the Gunners
- 6. Blue Stars
- 7. Chopper Jockey
- 8. Green Flight Pay
- 9. Gunship on Ly Tail
- 10. Have Chopper Will Hover
- 11. Huey Flying Man
- 12. In Our Own Little World
- 13. Ol! Phen kang
- 14. Phan keng Tower
- 15. Red Hot Pilot
- 16. Short Timer's Blues
- 17. Sixteen hours
- 18. Sky king
- 19. The Best Don't Play, They Mean Business
- 20. The 48th
- 21. The Joker's Song
- 22. The Meaic
- 23. Ton That (Royal Family)
- 24. Victor Charlie
- 25. When My Tour's All Done This Fall

In the early corning hours
Before the sun is bright
You can hear the turbines turning
as the choppers lift for flight.

La sleepless night is over The pilots on their way To face the fears and canger Of a chopper pilot's day.

CHORUS: a chopper pilot's day by by a chopper pilot's day we face the four and danger of a chopper pilot's day.

The VC will be hiding
For they know so very wear
Should a gunship pilot specifihen
He'll blast their soul to hell.

The smell of battle fills the air. The landing zone is near. The flight turns on it's final leg No place for cowards here.

CHORUS: ---

Pachine guns chatter and rockets flash in awesone sound and sight. But a welcomed one for us it is For it causes Charlie's fright.

our choppers settle on no-men's-land and now our troops depart Charging into battle To win, in each man's heart.

CHORUS: ----

an extra second on the ground Could cost a pilot's life and leave a tearful Lother Or a very lonely wife.

We clear the ground above the trees. There comes a blinding flash on our right a ship is hit we watch the awful crash.

OHORUS: --- --- (See next col)

a gunship colles onto the scene
To cover the crew's escape
a slick ship lands to pick thell up
we pray they're not too late.

Then through the scoke we see them rise Into the morning sky ... lucky crew is on that ship T'was not their day to die.

CHOKUD: - - - - - -

all crews are now accounted for we hear our leader say we breathe a sigh, "we made it, Through a chopper pilot's day.

BLUE STARS

By: 1LT Ronald k. Damron

(Tune - Sky Ball Mail)

There she flies-look at her go She's a 48th-a sight to behold Flying thru the sky all day Take a warning and don't get in her way.

A group of pilots-each one a men He knows his job-like the palm of his hand Name the job-and they'll do it great They're the Blue Stars-from the 48th.

They've got a guncrew-that just won't quit Their blazing rockets-their guns do spit Name the place-and point it out and the Jokers will wipe it off the map.

hit an L2-late at night
No Listakes-Lo it right
Tracers burning-flares so bright
have no fear--Blue stars are out tonight.

The American (Application of the American (Tune - New York Girls)

rom California I traveled
cross waters far and wide
and nary a person did I know
for what ahead did lie
fraveled for a day or so
by home from me graw you
and then before two days had passed
I fell in Vietnam

CHORUS:
Singing Nemasan chews beetlenut
Babysan no clothes
Papasan's a VC
But you ain't supposed to know
You can tell them one and all
For Charlie is their names

ind Mamasan and Babysan Like Papasan Same Same

Papasan works in the field
Harvesting the rice
Waves at choppers overhead
Papasan's so nice
But just forget and turn your back
And fly your chopper low
And Papasan will shoot you down
With his M-1 hoe.

CHORUS: ----

You go to the market place
To spend your hard earned P's
and the people in the market
They say come buy from me
They say since you American
and you so very nice
They'll sell you anything you want
at only twice the price.

CHORUS: ----

The pretty girls in Saigon will try and lead you on You buy they tea. They hold your hand But there's just one thing wrong When you say you are fini and you have no more pay. They say go home American You wasted my whole day

CHORDS: ----

(See next column)

isten to me people
ind if you have your doubts
I can tell you everything
I know what it's about
When Papasan and Manasan
Try and take you in
Just say I really like you
But I think you're number 10.

CBURU3: ----

By: Set Lionel T. Wallace (Tune - Green Berets

Armor vests upon our chests With machine guns and rockets we're the be About our shooting we can brag Because each man has been a "Laig".

We got a letter from Ho thi winh Wanted to know if we thought we'd win Our answer to him was mighty sweet Went out and killed 200 of his "elite"

Armor vests upon our chests
With machine guns and rockets we're the become of our gunners went down today
Old charlie will have a lot of hell to pay.

For some we hear there is a test
But as chopper gunners we're the best
And if we so down in flames some night
Our guns will rattle till the end of flight.

Armor vests upon our chests with machine guns and rockets we're the bes one gunner went down from 500 today came crawling in that night, said everythings OKI

Back at home his sweetheart waits
But her gummer soldier has met his fate
He just re-upped, specialist stripes he got
And he's still wearing that old brain pot.

Armor vests upon our chests with machine gun and rockets we're the best You can tell old charlie that we're here to stay

or they'll send us back D.U.A.

Trken from one of Owu Jones hoCartt's
"Serming on the Beson"

Gether ercunc Le brothers, and tonight I'm gome preach to you about the greatest sin - the greatest evil - and the precitest none wrecker that this ol! world has ever kn wn! Yes tonight I'm gonna speak that topic - Iklik! Do you realize we friend that alocal dullens your brain and makes you do things that you would never do if you were sover? Lo you realize that alsohol will tear your body gradually apart and have you lokking twice your actual age? be you furthernore realize that alcohol will break up your none, cause your wife to leave you, and your children to despise you? Do you know that it can bring you personal, financial, as well as other Worries and headsches?

hy friend! Listen to Lei Stop! Stop right now! Give up your crink and throw that glass away! Cast all throughts of it aside and start anew this very LoLent!

hy frienc -- If I caned all the beer in Phan Rang - I would pour it into the river! If I caned all the whiskey in Vietnam - I would pour it into the river! If I caned all the South and Sours in the United States - I would pour them into the river! If I caned all of the liquor in this whole wide world - I would pour it into the river!

Now will the congregation please stand as we sing --- "Shall we Gather at the kiver"!

ChikUS: Shall we gether at the river
The beautiful, the beautiful
river
Gather with the Saints at the
river
That flows by the throne of God.

RED HOT PILOT

By: Capt while n. helsey

(Tune - Long Tall Texan)

Well I'm a red hot pilot, I fly on mU1B (He's a pilot, flies on mU1B)
Well I'm a red not pilot, I fly on mU1B (he's a pilot, flies on mU1b)
when people come my way
They look at me and say
U-Rol ion h is that you hUB

well I fly through the jungle kinds low and slow keepin' old Charlie way down in his hole when he hears he coming well he kn: 3 darn well

If I see him I'll blast his soul is a hell.

For I'm a rea not pilot, I fly a big iron bird (He's a pilot, flies a big iron bird)
For I'm a rea not pilot, I fly a big iron bird (he's a pilot, flies a big iron bird)
When people come my way
They look at me and say
U-Rah U-Rah is that your bird?

well I fly so low I knock the links off the trees keeping old Charlie right down on his knees when he hears he coming he jumps right in the grass and he nices in his hele until I go home for gas.

well I'm a red het pilet, I'm the securge of the sky
(He's a pilet, he's the securge of the sky)
well I'm a red het pilet, I'm the securge of the sky
(He's a pilet, he's the securge of the sky)
when people come my way
They look at me and say
hy-O-hy is you the securge?

By: 315 Larry Man.
(Tune - battle of New Orleans)

CHURUS:

We fired our guns and the VC started dying
There wasn't as Lany as there was a while ago
we fired once here and they began to run
bown in a tunnel up to Ho Chi Ninh's coor.

Ol' hajor Jones said we'll catch 'en by surprise we won't fire our guns til we see where they lie Then we'll swoop in low and let our rockets go Right down on Victor Charlie's own front door.

CHURUS:

Well, they ren in the bush and they ren in the banbocs
They ren in the tunnels where our rockets oculen't go
They ren so fast that the guns coulon't catch 'en bown in a tunnel up to no Chi Minh's coor.

Ol! Victor Charlie we caught him in a nest when we got thru shooting the place was a mess when the Jokers go on a shooting spree like this You know darn well that we hardly ever miss.

CHURUS.

well, we fired our gums and the tracers started burning we fired at Charlie who was waiting down below

we fired once there and they began to run lown in a tunnel up to no Chi Minh's door.

Guts and guns are the Jokers biggest pride
Our only biggest problem is to shoot 'en in the eye
when our summo runs out and fuel gets low
we head back to Tuy hos and get some hore.

(See next col)

CaOHDS:

we fired our gums and the VC started dying

There wasn't as many as there was awhile ago

we fired once here and they began to run lown in a tunnel up to do Chi Minn's coor.

Joker 1 & 2 with 3 & 4 there's 5, 8 & 10 set to 80 with or turbines a singing and engines at i and the conflictive patch while the sun

began to set

CLURUS:

Once we were all up and really got flying we went to the area where Charlie as before all the Victor Charlies that a ran into miding

Heve sweared not to tangle with the Jokers anywers.

THE BAST JOU'T PLAY, THEY MEAN BUSINESS
By: SP5 Urville L. Stover

Victor Charlie at Ol' bak To
Thought he was smart but he didn't know
That there were Jokers just standing by
Always ready to go and fly
Now they have guts and they have guns
and they will put Charlie on the run

The first Plateen, now they den't care
They are too seared to go anywhere
The second plateen is not too bad
But when they must go they all look sed
The Joker Plateen, they are the best
When they go out they put Charlie to rest
we're sorry about that but we must say
when we have a mission we just cen't play.

TY: __e 40th (Tune - __enry the 6th

I'm archie the Harrell I am, I am
I'm archie the Harrell I am, I am
Called for a flare the other night
Gosh Almighty what a terrible sight
How I see the airfield - Airfield?
Looks so funny upside down
I'm an all weather pilot archie
Archie the Harrell I am

I'm little Jack Horne I am, I am
I'm little Jack Horne I am, I am
I run the mess hall around this place
Gosh Almighty what a terrible disgrace
I don't eat in the mess hall - mess Hall?
Wouldn't eat there to save my life
I'm a cook's supervisor - Horne
Little Jack Horne I am

I'm John the Jenks I am, I am
I'm John the Jenks I am, I am
Went for a flight the other day
Somehow I seem to have lost my way
And now I'm sitting in Song Be - Song Be?
Porgot to turn my switches to start
And now I'm using my checklist
John the Jenks I am.

I'm Cambodia Jones I am, I am
I'm Cambodia Jones I am, I am
Went for a flight the other day
They tried to tell me that I lost my way
But I know where I am - Iam
Hever been lost in my life
I'm map reading pilot Jones
Cambodia Jones I am.

I'm Fixit 6 I am, I am
I'm Fixit 6 I am, I am
I fixed airplanes for my pay
One just crashed the other day
and now I must recover it - recover it?
Wouldn't go out there to save my life
I'll leave it there in the jungle
Fixit 6 I am.

By: Capt Kris Kristofferson (Tune - Big Ead John)

Every morning at the line you could see him arrive about 5 foot 2 and weighed 185 Kinda narrow at the shoulder and broad at the hips Everybody knew he didn't give a darm, Sky King

Sky King, my aing --- Short fat Sky

Some say Sky was born in New Orleans where he put himself a rotor on a sewing machine Out his teeth on a collective pitch Ol! Sky was a low flyingson of a gum; If King

Sky King, Sky King --- Short fat Sky

Then came the day at stagefield four When his engine quit and wouldn't run anymore
Brave men sighed and hearts beat fast Everybody thought here breathed his last, Except Sky
He just pushed the old pitch right down to the floor
But the dawn rotor blade wouldn't turn anymore
So his rear packered up and with a terrible sound

He just sucked the old chopper right off

Sky King, Sky King -- Short Fat Sky

the ground, sky king

Now the ship wasn't burt but it took half the class To get the seat cover out of Sky King's rear, Sky King

They never reopened that worthless strip Just put a marble stand on top of it On that stand these words are seen There sin't no butt that can pucker Like ol! Sky King

kand mand Youth Bys Cupt Aris Aristofferson

851

Hello Fnon many tower this is blue Star

I'm 5 miles from your cirfield and my fuel is almost gone
by engine she's a coughing and my tack

needles have split

You better call your crash crew out this can thing's gonna quit.

Hello Blue Star 851, this is Phan Rang tower

we cen't call our crash crew out this is their coffee hour

and we had just as soon you didn't land here for awalle

because our visibility is not a half a mile.

Hello Phan kang tower this is blue Star 851

I'd love to put this lending off but that just can't be done

hy engine's belching fire and l'a running out of gas

I've got to set this chopper down before I have a cresh

This is Phan Rang tower calling Blue Star 851

we'd just like to know what king of flight you are on

Our Operation's officer says you have not been cleared

You'll be grounded thirty days if you land that chopper here.

Hello Phan keng tower this is Blue Star 851

I'm up in pilot's heaven and my flying cays are done

Tall Ly clu contanter that l'L sorry

tnet I crasneu

Tell your Operation's Officer that he can kiss Ly ___!

THE LEDIC By: Set launel T. wallace

We have a little tent setting in the sand we call curselves the Legic clan with pills in a bottle and syringe in our hand Lin't a darm thing we're afraid of in this land "On hig bac hedic".

we can see a cat in the other day Lichit see like the pearly gates were far away we threw his on a stretcher, pulled town his pants Then stuck his in the rear and he and and denced.

We sit around at night drinking alochel and throwing syringes at our little tent walls
Staying in practice so we don't miss we stick them with a needle but they get no kiss.

we get a coo, he's pretty straight
For weekends he's genna get us a Ford V-8
Genna load it with Lalasans and head for
the hills
In sevent we've get the surket corners

Disease: we've got the narket cornered on pills.

went to the latrine and looked on the wall was a big sign "Unsenity for all" I knew it was put there by the Legic clan So I went out yelling "Lord help Le man".

VICTOR CHARLE

By: Unknown

(Tune - Rack of Less)

Victor Cherlie at Pleini
Threw a hemo grenece at ne
So I caught it in my pulm
Threw it back, and he was gone
Victor Cherlie at Fleini
Thanks a lot you S.O.B.

Burn Billett Pay By: Unlandwa (Tune - Green Beret)

Silver wings upon my chest I fly my chopper above the best I can take ture dough that way but I can't wear no Green Beret

Tannis sames upon his feet bure people call him sneaky rete He sneaks around the woods all day weering that furny Green peret

Its no jungle floor for Le I've never seen a rubber tree 1000 Len Lust take the test while I fly hole and take a rest.

and while I fly Ly chopper home and leave min out there all alone That is where Green berets belong Out in the jungle writing songs.

and when my little boy is grown mon't leave min out there all alone Just let him fly and give him pay Cause he can't spend no Green peret.

and when my little boy is ala dis silver wings all linea with gold he then will weer a Green beret In the big parace on St Fatrick's bay.

> CHOPPER JOCKEY By: 11T Runald A. Derron (Tune - 16 tons)

Some people say a Lan is Lace out of rock but a pilot ain't nothin' but a flying jook

Flies his chopper all the vey Sings his songs and saves his pay CJORUS:

You fly 16 hours-end what do you get One sore rear and a pound of sweat.

I swoke one corning when the sun cidn't

hater Hacford said-Len dun't ever mind Casas where you're going you won't need

The new of the mission is surciue.

(See next col)

Omorus: --- --how we're not scared-for we're still saleep But Major Reper begins to speak Seid if you go cown-nere's what to uo len't call Le-I'll call you. CHURUS: ---we start our choppers end head for the sky Dan't use lights unless you wants cie notors hitting-people start to scream I close , eyes and nope it's a dream. **UHUAU**3 -- -- -Interre co says it's a big LZ You can land 40 ships all in a "V" but after we get there we hear the sine "better try lending one at a time."

CHORUS: - - -

MUITAIV. YAHA by: 110 kenald k. learon

This world's a free world The sky is our goal Lift your eyes up to the heavens The arry's on the go

CHURUS:

army aviation-flying above the best army aviation-flies away and leaves the rest

Never a jcb too big hever the too stell ariy eviators qualified to do them all.

any time - cay or night whether clouds or heavy rain They can do the jub for you That's the way our Len are trained.

we've got the big ones-got some little cnes too Chapters, fixed wing - you just name it any that you could choose.

we've passed the big test Now we're in full strice Part of the greatest array and serving it with price.

HEN MY DUTTE ALL DONE THIS MALL

Tyne - When my works all done this fall)

group of jolly pilots discussing plans at ease Says one I'll tell you something boys of you will listen please

I'm a chopper pilot and now I'm dressed in rags I used to be a tough one boys ind go on great big jags

But I have got a home boys, and a good one you all know although I havn't seen it Since long, long, long, ago

I'm going home to Dixie once more to see them all I'm going to see my wife and kids when my tour's all done this fall

That very night this pilot went out to fly some guard The night was dark and cloudy and stormin; very hard

The WC they got surprised and ran in wild stampede
This pulot tried to shoot them down
While flying at full speed

This engine through it failed him, his chopper it did fall. That boy won't see his wife and kids when his tour's all done this fall.

His body was so mangled the boys all thought him dead They picked him up real gently and laid him on his bed

He opened his blue eyes and looking all around He beckoned for his partners To sit down on the ground

George you take my helmet and Bill can have my bed ind Jim you take my pistol ifter I am dead

But think of me kindly when you look upon them all For I'll not see my wife and kids Then my tour's all done this fall.

THE AUTH

By: The 3rd (Guts & Guns) Platoon

Born at Fort Benning on 5 July The year was 1965

They had no choppers but they didn't care
If they ever got alerted they would go
anywhere

Then one day the order came down To go to Vistnam and put Charlie under Sround

They sailed from California one bright movember day and set their feet upon the sand at the seaport was Banh Bay

They climbed up on the Army tracks and everybody sang ye're here to whip on Charlie let's start at old Phan Ang

They finally got their choppers
It sure did take a while
They headed out for Tuy Hoa, all had a
great big smile

They left their wark on Tuy Hoa and moved to Fhan Thiet They put the hurt on Charlie but they were not finished yet

At Mhon Co and theo heo everything was slow So they all picked up their bags and moved to old lak To

They finally got their camp set up, They worked into the night Charlie knew they had moved in but charlie was scared to come and fight

Operations got the mission and the CO yelled come on We finally found old Charlie, he's hid in Toumorong

They: pulled pitch on the choppers, they never have been late what Charlie didn't know, it was the mighty 48th

by: SP5 Thurs number
SP4 Paul Jagla
(Tune - 16 tons)

I woke up one Lorning when the sun cion't snine
I picked up my tool box and I walked to the line
My tail book was sagging, engine oil needs filled
If Charlie don't get you then this chopper will

You fly 16 hours and what do you get another the and we're not through yet Intermediate Inspection and the DI is due Crank her up, we have a mission for you

Turbines rearing, blaces spinning fast 783 has a full lose of gas Off on the first mission of this long day Sundown looks a long time away

You fly 16 hours and what do you set another C1 and you're not through yet we just caus in, so what do we do we pull 9 hours of guard duty too

commer and crew outsi standing by priefing is ever and we're sendy to fly Griping 'bunt the observer and gimner's job too.

Seems that the pilots have nothing to do

You fly 16 hours and what do you get another carn job and you're not through yet bullets in the plane the the seat on our pants ballet in the fuel tank so we're out of

Now the weather was sturby and the sky was black.
Ole 783 each to be wask.
St Peter don't you dell se chine we can't come
we're in this meather on another milk rise.

You fly 16 hours and what action got another tail cheyin' and he had not the course yet. The pilote are off in a day proper. But arew shief and gunner are stuck on the thing.

By: Recher of the 48th

I'm an american fighting man

l serve my ocuntry where I can
and every place there's trouble is my hand
bun't know where I'll be tomorrow
maybe joy and maybe sorrow
I'm a rolling stone.

Chunus:

Hear and hear my costing a collection, to travel on I know then I give that I won't be at home.

I'll not surrencer of Ly cwn free will I will stay and fight until The last breath leaves Ly body colstill I've been here and I've Been there well I've been cann near everywhere and I learn here the further on I go.

If by chance I'm overwhelian
I'll keep on fighting from a prison well
and let my capters know that I'll resist
Clean escape will be my goal
and I will never sell my soul
To those who'd take the freedom of a min-

If I'm questioned I will tell then betting least, rosst in hell I'm of particular can expens on he interpretable and he organized without allowers without allowers they'll never learn.

I will print forget that I -A to be a fine to the first by here
List the first be a first to the box to the by force by force by force by force by force by force and between the cong.

GUNSFIP ON MY TAIL Eg: Capt Donald M. Kelsey (rune - Tiger on my Tail)

I've got a sunship on my tail its plain ta see and I won't be much when he gets through with pe It looks like I've got a gunship on my tail.

Everyday he chases me across that jungle floor. There just win!t no safe place anymore Then at night the Mohawka come with SLAR and infared Soutimes I just wish that I were dead.

The other day we slipped upon there artillery we were set to gum those redlegs cown Then with guns ablazing they came out of the sky and all around men began to die,

We were set to overrun a place called Townering Thought we had it made but we were wrong At the crucial moment the sunships came on in

ran I hate these gunships wore than anything around Thought I would try and shoot one down I cracked down on the leadship but his wingwen came around and sent me to the happy hunting ground.

> HUEY FLYING HAN By; III Honald K. Damron (Tune - Truck Driving Man)

Well I hop aboard my old chopper and then like a flash I'm gone I get that old Ruey a rolling I'll be on my way to fight the Cong

CHORUS:

Well if you pour me another cup of coffee Lift your eyes and follow us For it is the best in the land Then I'll crank my old Ruey and set moving If you want something done For I'm a chopper flying man.

Had a oriefing just this morning Baid they had Charlie on the run It's up to the Blue Star chopper pilots To wake sure charlie's work is done. CHURUS:

The Jokers are cranked and a raring To clear a path for the slicks I'm losing weight and turning kind of pale Their rockets a thundering into mountains I bet old charlie's getting sick. ∪ลับส**ประ - - -**

> The slices are coming up on final For ation packed in so tight Jokers a rlying on the flanks Charlie's gonna bite the dust tonight CHORUS:

The slicks have dropped oif their par Pulling pitch and leaving the iz Jokers wake the final pass another mission now complete CHURUS:

HAVE CHOPPER - WILL HOVER BY: 1LP Bonald K. Dauron

CHURUS: We travel through the day A raising hell and spoiled our plans again. We travel torough the night any place anywhere Just name it - that's all right We're the men from the greatest state we all come from the 48th

> we fly choppers - that's our life we do our job but never gripe We take the good along with the bad But the good is something that we ain!t had. CHUHUS:

Come on got a mission - in the dark of the night and won't be back till its done just right After we're back and the sun goes down We'll start our Blue Star sounds CHURUS:

We'll lead the way - no trouble or fuss and you want it done right. We're listed under Blue Star. and flying day and night.

(See next column)

विविद्धाः सी कर्णाः वर्णाध्य To 1.1 Huneld to Dairon (Tunu - I walk the Line)

in labour

& pleoe

they say that ol' then meng's a hell of

The organization's a low down disgrace

If you're in trouble and fine that you عله عوور

If Charlie's got you pinned cown and you're afraid

free

he we a fewer and don't cell he.

recruits Or if you went supplies and jungle boots They thight as well be You say to arep than off in your LZ well would with take their from a thousand fout.

It's nut that I wing Charlie or his friends I just cen't care about seeing then again I'm getting short, and there's just one sore thing I hate to supt old Charlie's aim

For eleven sunths I was king of the read I tried to carry ware then by load It's not that I wine flying with the gang But I'm too short to play these games.

I'd like to leave this country far behind This yellow streak is creeping up my entce I've got to see the doc 'fore its too Lute I'm neuring by rutation cate.

There are Captains and lajors and Light Colonels too If you want a chapper to come and set youTheir hands in their packets with nothing to io They star. : the runway They scre s they shout If you are out of food and need some new about many things they know nothing about For all they accomplish shoveling sand un the Isle of Capri

> Singing - sing - ldng Shove it in your ear Better things are coming bye and bye Bull Orapil

ARRIAL GUNNERY FOR HELICOPTER

GENERAL.

Organic fire support for air assault operations is furnished by both conventional ground artillery units in air assault configurations and other divisional units equipped with armed helicopters. Units equipped withthe aerial weapons systems are the aerial artillery battalion, cavalry squadron and weapons companies of the assault helicopter battalions. Target destruction or neutralization may be accomplished by either aerial or surface fire support means, but the extra mobility and range of aerial weapons units provide unique capabilities to support air assualt operations, although limited by ammunition and fuel load capacity, the armed helicopter units provide the commander with a significant increase and axtension of available fire support beyond that provided byorganic ground units of the airmobile division. Tobest employ armed helicopter units, commanders must know the principles, the weapons systems, and the procedures involved in target engagement.

PRINCIPLES OF ARMED HELICOPTER ATTACK.

Successful employment of aerial weapons unites involves sevem basic considerations. Thes are speed, surprise, volume and type of fire, control, target approach, timing and terrain utilization.

Speed in the actual attack is essential to achieve surprise and the maximum effect with minimum vulnerability. All attacks are normally executed at maximum speed. Consideration of speed is also involved in the time required to reach and engage distant targets, and in the reaction time of on-call armed helicopters.

Surprise is highly desirable to maximize the effect of fires on a target and reduce aircraft vulnerability. Prior planning to select the best approach routs and best methods of attack, together with maximum speed in the attack itself, give the best assurance of surprise. Timing the attack to take best advantage of weather and lighting conditions, and selecting times when troops in the target area are fatigued or not alert also enhances surprise.

Volume and type of fire must be carefully planned for maximum effect. Firepower commensurate with the nature of the target and target

both maximum effect and minimum neutronour expressive.

Control on the attack includes all measures which best take advantage of the possibilities involved, ingeninty much as emercised to achieve surprise or deception so that application of firsa is made at the exact time and in the manner best suited to the target. Target engagement by a single aircraft is rare, and in nearly all cases, two or none aircraft under a single flight leader supply and compact. The Might leader must closely coordinate and control all occurrent throughout the entire attack. Experience, judgment, instance accompact the magnest team performance are prorequisites to control formation about the close conditantion of helicouter attacks with the operations of all couter attacks with the operations.

Imply approach is normally used from the dimension of frontestinget vulnerable to other frontes and is derivate what's offers nowered or concented approaches, winds which offer actors alies approach, position of the say, and multiple approaches, and abuse for thirdteneous attack from save all dimentions must be quickly amanyzed and exploited. This decision, by the flight leader, is purhaps the most critical element in target engagement.

Timing includes both the selection of the general time period of the attack and the more important process accordingtion between circumft to insure simultaneous target organization of all attacking elements. The degree of success of the attacking elements.

Terrain is utilized in the attack to cover the approach and the break from the danger, Again, skill fak personal and control is the keyf to success. Achievement of propries, allent approach and substances massing of these require that the flight leader whilese all terrain possible littles to est advantage.

WEADONS SECTIO.

The therein subtimes in use which the simultile division may be broadly or begin well at area and point for an ad artillery units, suppressive and subtillery units, suppressive and subtillery tipes for the weapons companies of the lift battalions. For specific prepularing massime,

fixe support units may to specific to bailing to the mission; on normal operations, supporting social social units with a task force will include a mix of weapons suitable for all onvicipated targets.

The aerial artillery battalion is awred with the M3 area type weapons system which consists of two lined ocds of 24-2. 75 inch rockets each, mounted one on each side of the UL-13 believeter. The rate of fire is sixpairs of rockets per second. Author range, determined by fuse arming, is 300 meters. Lawrent offloctive range is 2,500 meters, although true maximum range is ever 6,000 meters. Total rounds in each load is A8, each with a 14 mover bursting racis, thus each aircraft load in salvo is roughly equivalent to one battary volkey of conventional 105mm artillery. Fired intermittently, the M7 may also be utilized in the suppressive fire role.

Suppressive fire weapons of the weapons companies includes the M2 and 15 machine gun systems. The M2 system utilizes two 7.62mm M60c fire 1 machine gusns, one on each side of the helicopter. Rate of fire is 600 rounds per minute for each gun, with a total load of 550 rounds per gun. An elevation remps of nine degrees may be obtained, and guns may be elevated at the rate of six degrees per second or depressed at nine degrees per second. Effective range extends to 400 meters; with 800 meters maximum range. The M6 system is roughly equivalent to two M2 systems, but with greater flexibility. The same basic r60c machine gats are utilized two on each sice of the helicopter. Guns may be elevated to 15 degrees inboard and 70 degrees outboard. The total rate of fire sing all four gats, is 2,400 rounds per minute.

7-round place 2: 75 inch rockets aided, gives the commander a system with a line de 2: 75 inch rockets aided, gives the commander a system with a line de 3: of flexibility of employment. Having both rockets and machine the art suitable for area and suppressive type fire.

to the 21, in which six wire-guided missiles are mounted on racks, three in each size of the helicopter. Pate of fire is one per minute. Iffective ranges are 500 to 3,000 maters.

TARGET ENGAGEMENT.

In addition to the nations ilspussed above in principles of attack, affectiveness of the aerual weapons unit is dependent upon the teamwork and skill of both the gurner and pilot. With rigid systems, where the pilot is also the gurner, scarracy is determined by the pilot's ability to maintain corrdinated flight throughout his firing run. Any uncoordinated turning maneuver during a firing run will result in error in both range and deflection. Gurnery skill, acquired only through practice and experience, is the ultimate frator in successful serial helicopter gurnery. The specific attack pattorn for any parget may vary widely, and must be tailored to each actuation.

Mo magnine gun systems involve wide variations, but the normal firing run begins at a range of 300 meters from the target and terminates within 100 maters of the target. Accuracy is inversely proportional to range, thus fire becomes more accurate as the helicopter approaches the target. During engagement, the helicopter cives at mathimum speed. See Figure 1. The steeper the angle of attack, the smaller the range dispersion pattern. For maximum effect, regardless of the angle of attack, the long axis of the elliptical firing pattern should coincide with the long axis of the target. See Figure 2. In the delivery of suppressive fires, the weapons companies are most frequently utilized in escort and security roles, and to secure landing zones during air assaults. Targets engaged are usually targets of opportunity in and around the landing zone. During this type mission, helicopters are employed in trail formation.

The M22 missile system provides the division with an organic airborne enti-armor capability. The M22 is employed only against point targets, normally armored vehicles. Since the missile flight is wireguided, an unobstructed line of sight between the gunner and the target must be maintained for accurate delivery. Accuracy is dependent upon the skill of the gunner, who guides one round at a time to the target. Although hit probability is encreased by shorter ranges, engagement at longer ranges reduces valnerability, and enhances suprise. Attacking aircraft may use the pop-up technique and remain relatively stationary during engagement, or move slowly toward the target on a level or descending flight path. Lateral or turning movements with regard to the target tend to greatly reduce the gunner's accuracy.

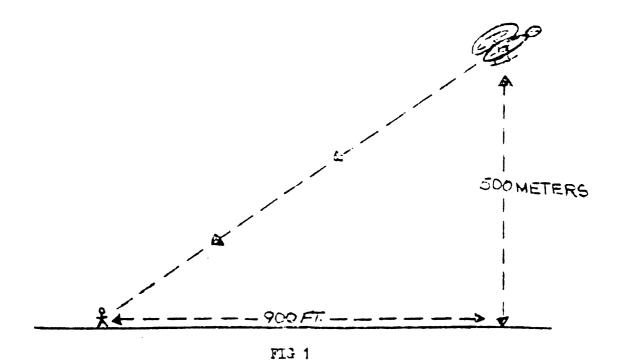
Aerisl artillery helicopters, equipped with the H3 rocket system, and the most flexible area fire weapons in the Air Assault arsenal, and

are utilized on a wide variety of missions. Assault proparatory fires are employed to neutralize charry positions prior to assults by placing direct agrial fire on the objective fluing the cottal assault direct suppressave fires are diditered in or near the landing zone by artillery helicoptors which orbit in the sies or makeline or call in foward larger areas until initial assaults objectives are secured. The short response times of on-call aerial ships greatly extends the artillery fire power available to the commander, Orib area selection is based upon the desires of the support ground commander, townene the aerial artillery element commender and the fire support coordinaton mode recommendations. Know enemy swerry strong point locations and local air defences are primary considerations in recommending orbit areas. Countarbantery fire missions may be flown by aerial artillery ships, to include nite missions. Aerial artillery units are particularly effective in missions against rador-directed entiaircraft systems, using a low level, multi-directional attack pattern under the radam screening capability. The floatble fire power and nobility of aerial artillary make it parthoularlyuseful to cover withdrawals of either ground or air assemut units. The harrassing and interdiction fire plans of coventional artillery units may be mainforced and greatly extended in deph by the employment of aerial artillery aircraft. The largest number of aerial rocket missions involve targets of opportunity. due to the unique ability of the armed helicopter to both locate and engage these targets. The two basic flight formations utilized in the attack of targets of opportunity are extended, in which aircraft fly in trail, and the spread, in which aircraft on line are able to fire simultaneously. In either formation, attacks may employ the pop-up tohnique, in which aircraft fly nap-of-the-earth clinb rapidly to attack altitude at a distance of abount 2,500 and3,000 ranges between 1,500 and1,000 neters. Disengagement occurs as soon as rockets are fired and attacking aircraft return to low altitudes without overflying the target. Except for targets of opportunity, aerial rocket fire missions are narrally received from the reinforced or superted unit, or through artillery fire control channels. Fire mission requests and fire orders within the aerial artiller, battalion are standardized to expedite receipt and completion of fire massions.

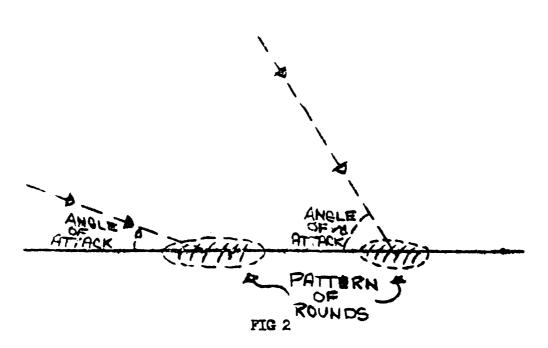
Surveillance reports are rendered after each mission, by the firing element leader to the unit which requested the mission. Danage and casualty assessments are vital intelligence and speedy, accurate reporting is essential to keeping the commander informed.

and nore carcial and a styling and a country of the provides an include definition of discognization of the provides an include definitive capabilities of the flats of the filter provides an including tender tangent for rocket aircraft, filtering some of provides to instruction lelivary of fires, but at the superse of lend of regardes.

Six general miles of target signgement for the armed helicopter units are: Engage at maximum muse, such as the object on of each firing run, maintain continuous fire from instal engagement, attack at maximum feasible aim (peac, ottack from ever know secure positions if possible, and accol overlinght of the target.



MORMAL ATRACK ANGLE WITH MACHINE GUNS



EFFECT OF ANGLE OF ATTACK

UNOFFICIAL FUBLICATION FOR L

48th Avn Co (Airmobile) (Light)

IN COLBAY, ALFUBLIC OF VIETNAM

1080 LEAN A DUSTOR

On 10 June 1966. Live UL-46 Marine helicopters from marble hountain at Danangl Tistnam, were assigned the mission to fly to Dak To, Vietnam, to support the 101st Airborne Brigade evacuating their wounded personnel from field locations to the aid station. During the imitial flight from Parble dountain the CH-46s encountered tad weather resulting in one of them crasning into a to foot bountain five miles Northeast of Dak To Airfield. remers of the 10th Aviation pattalion rathrider team volunteered to conduct the rescue operation. They were airlifted to the base of the Lountain where the nelicopter had crashed earlier that morning. Escause of the rugged and donse terrain they had to jump eight to ten feet from the helicopter to the ground. while the 48th Aviation Company provided armed helicopter support, tax Pathfinder team broke trail through dense foliage. jungle, and enemy held territory. team arrived at approximately 1000 hours. six hours after the aircraft had gone down, finding that the engine pods, fuel cells, and tail assembly, which has tom clear of the cockpit and cargo commentment, were still burning. The other portion of the helicopter was untouched by fire. The Pathfinders found the medic, L. Temple, who this week herein the first who was a member of the downed helicopter crew, in a dazed condition walking around some 75 Leters from the crash site. They guided him back, during which time they were receiving sporatic sniper fire from

EDITORIAL

We on the BLUE STAR staff are encouraged by the overwhelming reception Vol I, No 1 received last week. I want to emphasize that this is your paper, and encourage all of you to contribute to its success by submitting articles, jokes, cartoons, crossword puzzles or what have you, to any staff member or just drop it in Operations. Write it on anything, just get it in.

I have heard a lot of talk about the 101st, the cav, and other larger units getting all the glory (publicity). Perhaps you can use this payer as an outlet to your hometown newspaper and get yourselfes in the news.

lany thanks to those who have contributed to this issue and for the helpful hints we have received.

Staff: Captain James I. McDowell 1/Lt Loyd F. Stroup SF/5 Stan.W. loreland SF/4 Don D. Wallace Pro Bill Van Oudenrode Pru Allen B. loktor

LEADING THE BLUE STARS

Our congratulations to CWO Shirion of the original Blue star pilots to less the 500 mark in hours flown in Vietna.

is of M June; hr: Touple had acourslated 516.1 hours in the 62 minths he's been flying in KVN.

That's being up in the clouds quite à lot.

A very common occurrance in the life of a Blue Star aviator is providing aerial support for friendly ground elements when only a helicopter can assist them in their relentless conflicts with the Viet Cong. At times, the Blue Stars have combined their efforts with other aviation units to successfully bring about the completion of their ission. These massive and complex operations are more commonly known and promote __erican_Vietnamese relaas "Romeo Foxtrots". Une of the Lore recent of these took place on the aftermoon of 8 June in the vicinity of Dak To, RVN. At approximately 1600 hours, our Joker aircraft (armed helicopters) were called upon to lend gun support to the H-43 Air Force helicopters, known as "Pedros", which were evacuating casualties of the 1/327th Infantry Battalion. Landing was difficult so the Pedros were accomplishing their mission by winching up the troops.

Captain Ivan C. Swift, who has taken part in many such missions in the mast, was now giving his assistance on the PRC 25 (radio) in Operations because of his recent appointment as assistant S-3 Officer.

The Jokers and Pedros relentlessly continued their mission. The time was now 2300 hours and Captain Swift was fully realizing that his duties as operations Officer can be just as trying as those of an aviator who is physically taking part in the night's activities. The mission was coming to a successful end when an emergency re-sully call reached our assistant S-3. The ground forces were said to be "starving", not having eaten all day, and running short of medical supplies and armo. The 48th reacted immediately. 32 cases of C-Rations, 30 pounds of medical supplies, 60 pounds of ammo, and 2 hours later, the mission was completed and our long day was over. After gathering up all the landing lights from the runway on the morning of 9 June, Captain Swift was finally headed for his bunk at 0130 hours. I'm sure Captain Swift slept. soundly, and dreamt of all the bigger and better Romeo Foxtrots yet to come.

CAN YOU IL AGINE.....

.... Sergeant Rogsow transferred to Washington, D.U. to take charge of the Pentagon caisterna?

.... Sergeant Hall giving 3 sets of fatigues and a pair of boots to all personnel for Christmas?

.... If heing moved from Phan to accompate the 48th Rang to . tions?

.... CWO Swanger in the field?

.... SP/5 Dove not burning the put roast?

.... UWU Mahrt making meil pick up just once? "Dam, I missed it again".

.... SP/5 horales as a tower operator?

.... Captain Delius receiving PCS orders to Phan Rang?

CAN YOU IDENTIFY....

....An officer known as "magnet ass"?

..... crew enief known as "sis" or "rums"?

.... A gunner known as the "crier"?

.... A Warrant Officer known as "AK-47"?

.... A maintenance officer called "Speedy"?

.... The two garretroopers of the 48th?

.... The pilots responsible for blowing over "Big 6's" latrine a few days ago?

.... The Blue Ster Engineer requiring only NINE rounds for artillery adjustment?

.... An officer branded "lightning"?

*

the side of the source to it.

they have prompticed. However, we blue stars know there's much more to it.

Irue, we have the best pilots, but we also have a group of assets which allow the stich pockeys to be "number one".

way do we have clean, dry fuel available at all times?

Why do we have the most aircraft flyable and in the best condition?

Why ac the cest aviators sleep and eat well?

why do we have lights, water, vehicles and aumo when we need it?

why do we have the most liveable community in Dak To?

Again I ask "Why is the 48th best"; The answer is simple, we have the Best Man! To make this point clear, check the Blue Star aircraft against anyone's hanger queens. Our aircraft have never looked better.

Major Frank J. Gundaker

DOUTUR (cont from pg 1, col 1)

unknown enemy positions. The OIC of the Pathfinders ascertained that the pilot and dazed medic were medically fit to crawl up to the top of the ...ountain, some four numbered Leters away, with the help of his .on. They were lifted by a hoist from a Un-46 hovering above and flown to the 48th aviation company aid station for Legical attention by the Company Aviation ledical Officer, Captain Milton J. Samas. Capi in Samas, through talking with the injured medic. learned that one of the remaining crew members and a suspected broken back and was to be airlifted out of the crash site. rearing that if the injured Lan did have a broken back, an attempted eirlift by sling would greatly endanger his life, causing paralysis and even death; Captain Sands volunteered to go out to the crash site and administer immediate medical attention and determine the best methods of evacuating the seriously injured personnel. With complete disregard for his own safety, Captain Sands was eased down through 60 foot trues atop the ...untain by

(cont next col.)

lid You know we man two brothers in the company who are identical twins? It's true, they are hours and Juan parrers of the security Flatcon.

The twins hall from zenovides,
Texas. They joined the Army on 2 Aug
66 under the "budgy system", and have
been together ever since. Eack at the
ranch 'Finh Rang) they gull the same
smill among ate nights, and
replaced the courser days. Louis and
bught the same shift, enjoy
there our auty time together.

DOCTOR (cont)

hoist from a nelicoptor. After beauty dropped to the ground he round hilself alone and had to make his way down the incline to the crash site 400 meters away. Doctor Gands Lade a diagnosis of the injured men and found that the crew chief had to be evacuated immediately because he had a skull fracture and brain damage. He was also having trouble breatning and needed a tracheotomy. The mountain was so steep the helicopter could not hover directly over the crash site. The Pathfinders had blown a shall opening in the dense jungle, enough to arop a sling into the area and hover a short distance from the open spot. To save this mem's life Captain Sands lace the decision to have the holicaster saytch the injured Lan out of the nole and fly nim to the combut rear trains die station where a tracheotomy could be performed and then be evacuated to gui whom for Meuro Sursery. Since the gunner was already deceased they airiifted him the sale way, but the co-pilot was coughing block from internal injuries, has several fractured ribs, and shraphel in his right knee. It was too wangerous to evacuate him the same way as the crew chief and gunner. Doctor Sands and the Pathrinders Lace a litter out of two penenes and physically had to crawl 400 Leters up the enemy infested incline to the top of the muntain carrying the injured co-pilot. He was placed on a holiocater and safely evacuated. Captain Samus, in an outstanding display of courage and professional ability, is

(cont pg 5, col. 2)

Captean o Ti he Jones
Captein James 1. Houford
Captein Johnny K. Gower
Captein Louis F. Gox Jr.
Captein Walter L. Burch
Captein Hobert D. Delius III

-- we see your names on the lajors list.

congramilations to daptain mobert G. Inglis. Captain inglis and his Captains bars pinned on by Lt. Col. Fern, commanding Officer, 10th Aviation Batt/Luon, before a formation of officers on 16 June 1956.

we are very mappy to see five new Sergeants First class (E-7) in the company. They are:

SFC Lawrence E. Hoitt, our Intelligence Sgt.

SFC Gilbert McCollough, our Operations Sat.

SFC Alvin C. Flatener, 1st Airlift Platoen Sgt.

SFG William M. Jackson, 390th TO Detachment Maintenance Sgt.

SFC Job M. Christopher, Service Platoon Set.

cleserved productions on your well

EIGHT NEW BLUE STARS

The 48th recently welcound eight helicopter pilots transferred from the First Cavalry Division (Airwobile). This transfer accomplishes two objectives, it offsets rotation wates for both the 48th and the First cay biv as the two units arrived in country on separate dates. These experienced pilots bring to the 48th backgrounds from such diverse tectics as armous halicopter reconnaissance, serial rocket artillery rank helicopter troop employment. The pilots joining the 48th are: Capt Johnny K. Gower, Dart Lloyd A. Schwin, UWO Ferry L. Jackson, UNO Kenneth ... Faba, CWO George A. weckerle, worJohn W. Hart, WO Joe L. knoden, and 40 Geraid A. Towler.

48th sa accumulation of 3,346 hours (Cont. pg 5, col. 2)

Recently and unexpectedly, two helicopter crows of the 43th Lyistich company (Blue Star) had their usual rele of supporting the Infantry reversed, and in a manner they shall never forget.

The crews on a cross country flight in two Un-1 helicopters were within 20 minutes of their destination when they encountered low hanging clouds and for hugging the midge line heavy o. La darkness approccisc to time. and alter repeated attompts to get over the riage they decided they had better return to the refueling area they has just departed some 40 miles to the As they headed their Hueys westwar they discovered the weather in tho through which they had just flown carteriorating. Large arey thunder clouds lumbered over the mills and ground 106 was steadily creeping into the valleys. The clouds were bringing on carkness. earlier than usual. The two helicopter crews were suddenly firming themselves entrapped by one of the most severe hazards to Vietnam flying, the summer Lonsoons.

Both crews had their automatic direction finder tuned to their new destination and their needles indicated Sw-to the station; -when suddenly thecourse indicators spun-360-degrees-andfell limp pointing to the floor. A: quick slance at their navigation charts indicated the station they were tracking goes off the eir daily at 1800 hours. Still no reason to be excited, the massion commander, Captain James F. Thurlond tuned his UHF radio to contact radar guidance. Within seconds radar contact was established and both crews took upat heeding of 200 degrees, which wouldhave taken them circutly to the station if it had not been for a huge thunderstorm dead ahead. As Captain Thurmond neared the ease of the storm he encountered blinding rain and zero visibility. He turned his navigation lights on bright and radiced to his armed helicopter escort, piloted by Maptain James r. Price, to close up and follow him in a lert 180 degree turn. Both sircraft banked and after approximately two minutes, which seemed Lore chike two hours, and a little tossing about by the

(Nunt: pg-53 colad)

onlarging storm, the siroraft again reached clear air. The quiet was broken When the gir Force radar controller announced, "Blue Star 616 (48th Aircrait) this is Pyramid Control, be advised we are unable to continue radar service due to intense thunder storm activity between your target and this station". Odds are heavily against two navigation aids becoming unreliable at once, but in enely territory even once is too oftem. is the sun set, the two helicopters were surrounded by clouds stretching from the jungle floor to heights unknown. The chopper pilots were unusually quiet and busy with their Laps. They pinpointed their location over Mational Highway #14, but to attempt flying under these low clouds and with poor visibility of night, would be asking for trouble. Their map indicated nothing within 30 miles except villages of unknown allegiance and the jungle.

It was mighty quiet for what seemed an encless period of time as the birds circled the skies in now desperate hope of finding some way out. Sundenly the silence was broken by Captain James McDowell, Aircraft Commander of the armed shopper, when he sighted two lights approximately 2 kilo-Leters to his left. He radioed Blue Star 616 that he sighted what light be a U.S. Special Forces Camp. Captains had and Jim Price decided to take a low pass over the lights. With the two woor gunners, SP/5 Gerald A. Kohl and PFU Bobby K. Hamby alerted and the aircraft weapons in the armed position, the pilots brought their Huey over into a shallow dive and came in clipping over the tree tops at 100 knots. Firt hundred meters out Captain Price let out a hordy yell, "those guys down there are Alericans, we've got it made". They pulled up and radiued to Jaytain Jim Thurmond and his pilot daptain Jack Horno to standby while they landed to oneck but the situation. When they approached the area the Infantry troops lighted their gasoline filled cans forming a huge flating H, a highty friendly sign to these weary but now overgoyed pilots. 1/Lt Ronald P. Guerno Let the crew as they stepped from their airoraft, and he was immediately overwhelmed by those happy aviators. The circling aircraft contacted Tyralid Control, who relayed an RON (Relain Over Light) Lossage to Blue Star Control. Captain Jack Horne yelled out as he stepped from his Huey, "I never thought

(Cont next col)

DOUTOR (Cont)

oredited with saving the lives of four seriously injured Len and possible annihilation by the Viet cong that were known to be in the area.

Naw Buda Slamb (cont)

Vietna to flying time and more than 72,2 hours total flying experience.

FORTUMES (Cont)

those white stars on your venicles could look so good. Boy, is it great seeing you guys". The Infantry troops turned out to be Task Force Harris from 2/5th Cav of the 1st air Cav Division, companded by Major Artnur M. Harris. Just twelve days earlier TF Harris had started building a 0-130 landing strip out of the wilderness which had so plainly showed up as jungle on the aviators! majs.

The Infantry hosts supplied their guests with a tent, and though it rained all night and the had was a foot deep, no one ever knew two happier helicopter crews.

GETTING SHORT

During the next wonth or so, the 48th will lose some of its strength when a few of its Enlisted men become civilians.

The 286th Redical Detachment will lose the services of SP/6 Guster Damphie and SP/4 Ronald A. Relaford. SP/6 Damphie will join his family in Detroit on 13 July and SP/4 Relaford will be in Philly on 25 July.

.. couple of helicoptor orows will have to be re-manned when SP/5 ..lvin T. Fukunaga, a crew onief from hawaii, and James P. Smith III,

(dont pg 9, col 2)

SINGING PILOTS

14 June...

48th furnishes 2 UH-1Ds and three Kelsey and Captain mobert Telius who armed Um-1Bs in support of the 10th Avia-placed second and third in the 1st aviation Battalion on a combat assault lifting tion Brigade song contest conducted in an ARVN force. Saigon last week. The lyrics and music

General Seneff, 1st Aviation Brigade are originals by Blue Star members.

Commanding General and Colonel Marr, 17th "A Chopper Milets Day" came in second Aviation Group Commanding Officer had and "I'm A Red Hot Milet" wound up the dinner with the Blue Stars.

15 June ...

0840 hours seven Blue Star UH-1Ds lifted the 1/327th platoon sized Tiger Force on a combat assault. Four Joker aircraft provided escort and pre-struck the LZ as soon as the Air Force completed their strike.

09%0 hours the 48th provided seven UH-1Ds to 10th aviation Battalion for a company sized combat assault.

1045 hours the 48th Blue Stars made an administrative lift of 144 troops.

1500 hours the Blue Stars and Jokers made a recon with 101st LRRP (Long Range Reconnaissance Patrol).

1800 hours the 40th inserted the LRRP using 3 UH-1Ds and 3 UH-1Bs (Story on page 7).

16 June...

0800 hours five UH-1Ds and two UH-1Bs Of a chopper rilots day. moved the 1/327th Infantry Tactical CP.

1050 hours two UH-1Ds supported the 129th Aviation Company in extracting two Special Forces patrols in contact with the enemy (Story on page 7).

1530 hours the 48th Blue Stars picked up the 101st LRRP.

17 June...

0712 hours two Joker gunships sent on fire mission for 1/327th Infantry (Story on Page 7).

0830 hours two Jokers dispatched to escort dust off aircraft (Medical Evacuation).

1255 hours the 48th put in one ARVN company and extracted another.

1600 hours the 48th conducted a two company administrative lift.

By the way, the next time we have an alert, would one of you first platooners make sure your leader gets his boots on the right feet:

Congratulations to captain Donald Kelsey and captain mobert Telius who placed second and third in the 1st aviation Brigade song contest conducted in Saigon last week. The lyrius and music are originals by Blue Star mambers.

"A Chopper Pilots Day" came in second and "I'm A Red Hot Pilot" wound up third. Look for the third place winner in next week's i

"A CHOPPER PILOTS DAY"

Verse 1

In the early norming hours Before the sun is bright You can hear the turbines turning As the choppers lift for flight.

A sleepless night is over The pilots on their way To face the fear and danger Of a chopper pilots day.

Chorus

A chopper pilots day, my boys A chopper pilots day We face the fear and danger Of a chopper pilots day.

Verse 2

The VU will be miding For they know so very well Should a sunship pilot spot them He'll blast their soul to hell.

The smell of battle fills the air The landing zone is near The flight turns on its final leg No place for cowards nere.

Chorus - - - - - -

Verse 3

Machine guns chatter and rockets flash in awesome sound and sight But a welcomed one for us it is For it causes Charlie's fright.

(Cont pg 8, col 2)

17 June -

15 June -

As dusk slowly turned into night and the sun disappeared behind the mountains the stealthy LRRPs and the equally stealthy Blue Stars winged North on another recon mission into no-man's-land. The last minute coordination between aircrews and LERPs had been accomplished and all that remained was the swift run to the drop off point, a remote jungle clearing. The Blue Stars with their Joker escorts peeled off one by one from formation and the lonely final run to the landing zone commenced. All senses were at high key for the moment of truth was at hand as the Blue Stars swooped down into the vulnerable area to discharge their precious cargo. As the skids brushed the ground the LRRPs washed for cover and the angry waines of the Jokers could be heard as they flashed by providing that most important fire cover should Charlie be there.

The LRRPs faded into the jungle

(Cont pg 9, col 1)

SPECIAL FORCES AIDED

This + worning two of our slicks were called on to help the 129th Airmobile (our sister company) rescue two 40 man DG (Civilian Irregular Defense Guard) patrols and their Special Forces advisors who were surrounded by the enemy. This ASAP mission was received by Blue Star Operations at 1050 hours. . In 1100 hours the crews of 778 and 779 were in the air and linked up with the 1/29th. The friendly patrol was heavily engaged and ginned down by Charlie, who was within 25 meters. The aircraft orbited overhead until a one ship LZ was hasked out of the bamboo. The Hueys then soared in one at a time and successfully extracted the patrol while under heavy enemy fire. On their geturn flight to the staging area, with the patrol sarely in their ships, they received an emergency request to extract another CING patrol which was also pinned down. In routine fashion the crews dropped off their passengers and reported to the new location. They

(Cont pg 9, col 1)

As dawn approached the foggy Dak To Valley, Blue Star Operations received an urgent call for two gunsnips to help out a company of the 101st Airborne Brigade.

within minutes Jokers 98 and 93 were airborne in answer to the distress message. Cartain morris R. Steenson, the Joker flight leader, established contact with the intry company and quick coording lagnified the area where fire was a mested.

The Jokers started their work in earnest as the ground commander adjusted tire from 2.75 rocket and 40mm grer bursts. Pass after pass was made: Jokers until they had expended all their rockets and grenades. They commander their support until the ground commander called every done, we can move in on them now.

As the Infantry Loved into the area which the enemy had occapied, blood trails were found and the Jokers were accredited with an estimated 5 VC KBA (Killed by Aircraft). Returning home for breakfast, the Jokers prepared for another days work.

Captain rorris k. Steenson

BLUE STARS & JUKERS THAM UP AGAIN
18 June --

if just enother chopper pilot's day", is becoming quite a saying with the pilots of the 40th, but many are starting to wonder if this statement isn't becoming an every day occurrence.

Once again the blue Stars were walled upon to extract troops out of the heavily wooded mountains wortheast of Dax To.

For the past three weeks this area has been known to be a well fortified enemy position heavily entrenched with bunkers and spider holes.

A Thight of four, led by Captain Radford, was assigned to laft & Company, 1st of the 327th Airborne Infantry plus the TAC CP to a new location south of their present Command Post. - Aircrafts

(cont pg 9, col 1)

----This one happened last week but we thought you'd like to read it, though admittedly a little late----

Early on the Borning of June 7, three Jokers, the 48th Aviation Company gunships, were returning from an escort mission when they heard an urgent radio call from "B" Battery of the 320th Artillery Battalion, requesting an immediate air strike at their location. Captain Donald R. Kelsey, flight leader of the Joker flight, decided they had sufficient! fuel to strike and still return to base camp. The Jokers reversed their flight path and proceeded to the Artillery position. Captain Kelsey coordinated with the ground commander, who marked his position with red smoke. The Jokers were astounded to rind the enemy dug in only 25 Leters from the friendly troops. The enemy had moved in during the night, dug in, and had the Artillery Battery pinned down with sniper and automatic weapons fire.

The Jokers each made six gun runs, strating the enemy with machine gun, 2.75 inch rockets and 40mm grenade fire. At first, they were hesitant in firing so close to the friendly position, but after repeated requests from the ground commander, they brought their fire in close. At one time the radio operator shouted, "You got them," as a rocket knocked out an automatic Weagon. On their sixth pass the Battery commander called a "Cease fire" and his troops counter attacked the enemy positions.

When the Jokers returned to base camp, Intelligence reported \$6 communists killed with the Jokers receiving credit for 37 KBA. The Jokers received a hearty "thank you" from the Battery commander. The Artillery unit had been under attack since early dawn, and at one time the VC and taken over one 105 m Howitzer. without the Jokers nelp the Artillery unit could easily have oven overrun.

SINGING FILOTS (Cont)

Our choppers settle on no-man's-land .nd now our troops depart Charging into battle To win, in each man's heart.

Unorus ---- - - -

Verse 4

An entire that on the ground doubt to pilot's life and leave a tearful bother Or a very lonely wife.

We clear the ground above the trees. There comes a blinding flash. There on our right a ship is hit. We watch the awful crash.

Chorus - - - - - -

Verse 5

A slick ship lands to pick them up We pray they're not too late.

Then through the smoke we see them rise Into the Lorming sky A lucky crew is on that snip T'was not their day todie.

chorus - - - - - -

Verse 6

All crews are now accounted for We hear our leader say We breathe a sigh, "We hade it" Through a chopper pilots day.

Written by

Captain Jack Horne CWO Bill Moore Phan Rang, Vietnam

shadows and the Blue Stars hastened their departure into the protective might. At'drop time + 15, the LRAP team leaders radioed their "all Clear"! to us, signalling the Blue Stars to return to home base where they remain on standby pending a call from the LRRPs that they're in trouble, at which time the Blue Stars return to bail them out.

--- "Another Chopper Pilots Day"-

Captain James T. Radford

SPECIAL FORCES (Cont)

extracted the second patrol with the same professional ability they had exhibited in their exclier rescue.

SKILL, NOT LUCK! Well done -WWO Moore, WO Stitzle, SP/4 Baca and SP/4 J. S. ith of 778 and WO Mason, WO Towler, PFC Menton and SP/4 C. Brown of 779.

WU Towler's comment after the rescue was, "I'm too short for this kind of mission".

WO Fletcher S. Stitzle

BLUE STARS & JOKERS (Cont)

774, piloted by Captain Alford and WO Klinger, 889, flown by vo Towler. and WO Mason, 776, flown by CWO Harrell and CWO Paulson, and 773, flown by Captain Burch and Lt. Stroup located midway up the mountain.

The Pickup Zone was a typical have become so accustomed to. A shall opening cleared by hand just large enough for one helicepter to set down into like a well fitted part of a. jigsaw puzzle.

The first lift was uneventful except for the normal uncasiness and

sweaty palms from trying to put a helicopter in a hole the size of the Lain rotor blade. On the second lift, as we Towler and WO Mason were on snort final, automatic weapons fire succeally opened up from a small ridge line to the right of the lickup point. is the Infantry dove for cover, wo Towler and wo Mason inneciately executed a memeuver that any smort ... er would have done. A hard right A turn, tucked the collective under their aris, and parted the grass malfway down the side of the mountain. Joker elements led by captain Jones tre immediately called in to lay down pressive fire. After nitting the line with rockets and tachine gun 889 once again attempted a landing. This time no fire was received and the troops were safely lifted out. hitner Charlie had been eliminated or he was too busy keeping his head down.

Blue Stars and Jokers combine into a mighty tough teal that's IMPOSSIBLE to stop.

WO Jerry Towler

GETTING SHORT (Cont)

a gumer from Deytona Beach, Florida, wave good bye to the 48th. Mivin T. is LTS is 5 July and Smitty's is on the 11th of the winth.

On 30 July, the 48th will lose Sr/4 Ronald L. Geier and SP/4 Kenneth P. Tawrey. kon Geier will leave operations a man short when he departs for Tacona. Wash. Ken Lawrey is one of our armament men and he Il be headed for betroit.

PFC Adolph W. Hartung IV: 51 the began extracting troops from PZ Suzanne notor pool, will be back none in California on the 25rd of July.

I know you guys hate to leave all carved out opening that the Blue Stars this heat but that's the breaks of the game. Good luck to all of you, wetll miss you.

H157

ASSAULT HELICOPTER COMPANY (UH-1) (A)



